The Bombay Gazette.

No. 7,432.—New Series. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, JANUARY 7, 1870. Annual Subscription in Advance ... Rupees Fifty-two.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For year in advance delivered in Town ..... Rs. 72 0
" including postage ..... " 72 0
For half year in advance, delivered in Town ..... " 38 0
" including postage ..... " 36 0
For three months' advance, delivered in Town ... " 16 0
" including postage ..... " 21 0
For one month, delivered in Town ..... " 8 0
" including postage ..... " 7 12
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TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten lines and under
First insertion ..... Rs 5 0
Second Ditto ..... " 2 8
Third Ditto ..... " 2 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions ..... " 0 2½ As.

For line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

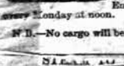
LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion ..... 8 As. per line.
Second Ditto ..... 4½ " "
Third and succeeding ..... 2½ " "
In the Native Languages, double the above.
Domestic Occurrences, Each—Rupee 1.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the Publisher of the Gazette.

SHIPPING.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, & CALCUTTA.



THE British India Steam Navigation Company (Limited), under contract with Government, despatch Steamers as above, with Mails, Passengers, and Cargo, every fourteen days.

The Steam-ship MAHRATTA, 742 tons, 120 H. P., Commander A. Scott, will be despatched on the 18th January 1870, at noon.

Leave Bombay	18	Leave Galle	Jan. 1870
" Ratnagherry	19	" Negapatam	28
" Vingorla	19	" Madras	31
" Carwar	20		February
" Mangalore	21	" Coconada	2
" Cannanore	22	" Vizagapatam	3
" Calicut	22	" Bimlipatam	4
" Beypore	22	" Gopalpore	4
" Cochin	23	" False Point	5
" Tuticorin	24	Arrive Calcutta	8
" Colombo	25		

This route is the most expeditious and economical for Passengers for the Neilgherrie district, Bangalore, and Madras, who can land at Calicut for Beypore, and proceed from there by rail.

Passengers for Calcutta can take the same route, picking up the Steamer at Madras.

No cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF VIA KURRACHEE.

(Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Baghdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company.)

THE British India Steam Navigation Company (Limited) under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch a Steamer every 14 days for the Persian Gulf, touching at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Bussorah.

The steam-ship ABYSSINIA, 1,129 tons, 200 H. P., Commander J. Templeton, will be despatched on the 10th January 1870, at noon.

N.B.—No cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE British India Steam Navigation Company (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, and in connection with the Weekly Service from England, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every Monday at noon.

N.B.—No cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAMERS TO AND FROM THE MALABAR COAST.

THE well known First Class Steamer PHLOX, E. Baker, Commander, will leave for the undernoted Ports, every FRIDAY, starting from the Apollo Bunder at 4 P.M.

Unjunwell,	Malwan,
Gutnagherry,	Vingorla,
Goa,	Ranjim.

For Freight or Passage apply to NUSSERWANJEE KERSASJEE, Bazar Gate Street, and for Cabin apply to J. DIXON, Apollo Street.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE KATTYWA COAST.

STEAMER LORD CLYDE, Captain Lecount, will be despatched on SATURDAY, the 8th inst., at 10 A.M., to CUTCH MANDVEE, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, and Dwarka.

For Freight and Passage apply to NOWROJEE BHICAJEE, Manager.

No. 8, Borah Bazaar Street, Bombay, 5th January 1870.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST.

Steamers LORD CLYDE, GENERAL H. BLOCK, GENERAL OUTRAM, and TIBAY.

ONE of the above Steamers will be despatched every week to and from the Malabar Coast, calling at the intermediate Ports with the following days :—

Down Steamers.		Up Steamers.	
Leave Bombay	Saturday.	Leave Cochin	Friday.
" Ratnagherry	Sunday.	" Beypore	Saturday.
" Malwan	"	" Calicut	"
" Vingorla	"	" Tellicherry	"
" Goa	Monday.	" Cannanore	"
" Mangalore	"	" Mangalore Sunday.	
" Compta	"	" Compta	Monday.
" Mangalore	Tuesday.	" Carwar	"
" Cannanore	Wednesday.	" Goa	Tuesday.
" Tellicherry	"	" Vingorla	"
" Calicut	"	" Malwan	"
" Beypore	"	" Ratnagherry	Wednesday.
Arrive Cochin	Thursday.	Arrive Bombay	Thursday.

The Steamer GENERAL OUTRAM, Captain Teasdale, will be despatched according to the above table on SATURDAY next, the 8th instant, at 4 P.M.

For freight and passage apply to

NOWROJEE BHICAJEE, Manager.

No. 8, Borah Bazaar Street, 3rd January, 1870.

WEEKLY COMMUNICATION WITH ENGLAND.

On Saturday, the 8th January, at 3 P.M., from Mazagon.

THE P. & O. Co.'s S. S. CHINA, (2,610 tons, and 400 H. P.) Captain J. D. Steward, will leave for Suez and Alexandria, calling at Aden, Suez, Port Said, Alexandria, Malta, Marseilles, Gibraltar, Lisbon, Vigo, Falmouth, and Plymouth.

Passengers are booked through to Trieste, Venice, Genoa, Ancona, Brindisi, and Havre, Liverpool, or London.

No Cargo can be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

Mails will be received at this Office until 11 A.M. on Friday, the 7th instant.

Passengers are requested to send their heavy baggage to Mazagon before 10 A.M. on the day of the Steamer's departure, in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

A small Steamer will leave the New Dock Head at Mazagon, for the convenience of Passengers at 3 P.M., precisely, on the day of sailing.

G. F. HENRY, Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, Rampart Row, Bombay, 3rd January 1870.

NEW OVERLAND ROUTE

(via SUEZ CANAL.)

DIRECT SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY and MARSEILLES, touching at ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILIA, PORT SAID, and MARSEILLES.

LA COMPAGNIE MARSEILLAISE DE NAVIGATION A VAPEUR MARC FRAISSINET PERE and FILS will DESPATCH STEAMERS MONTHLY from BOMBAY to MARSEILLES, via the SUEZ CANAL, thus dispensing with the necessity of transhipment of Goods and Passengers at Suez or Alexandria.

Passage.—The Company undertake to grant through Bills of Lading for Aden, Suez, Port Said, Alexandria, Malta, Marseilles, Genoa, Leghorn, Civita Vecchia, Naples, Barcelona, Havre, Rotterdam, and Continental Ports. They have also made arrangements to forward Cotton at a through rate from Bombay to the principal towns in France, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Belgium, and Spain.

Shippers will have the option, on due notice being given, of detaining at Marseilles Cotton destined for other parts of the Continent; the Freight on same to be regulated at the average rate paid by the same Steamer.

Rice at on Goods shipped to Europe to be payable at Marseilles in French money.

Through Bills of Lading are further prepared to receive Merchandize from any country, and to forward same to any part of Europe.

Insurance may be effected on very moderate terms, under the Company's Special Policy, on Goods shipped by their own Steamers. Premiums of Insurance from Bombay to Marseilles

PASSENGER RATES.

(Inclusive of Wines, and all Transit Fees through the Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
To Aden	£ 25	£ 15
" Suez	£ 40	£ 22-10
" Port Said	£ 42	£ 24
" Marseilles	£ 56	£ 36

Children over three and under ten years of age, half fare.

In accordance with the above, the new Steam Ship EUROPE, 3,000 tons, Captain Boland, will be despatched from Bombay about the 31st January, and will be followed, at monthly intervals, by large and powerful steamers specially built for this service.

For further particulars, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

KUNKLER, FREISWERCK, & Co., Agents.

Eighteen Gore Circle, 18th December, 1869.

NOTICE.—Consignees of CARGO per ship SEA ELOWER, from Moulmein, are requested to send BOATS alongside at once to take delivery, otherwise the same will be landed by Captain Thomas, without further intimation, at the risk and expense of the consignees.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents of Captain and Owners.

Bombay, 3rd January 1870.

NOTICE.—Consignees of CARGO per ship DARWICKSHIRE, from Singapore, are requested to send BOATS alongside at once to take delivery, otherwise the same will be landed by Captain Rowe, without further intimation, at the risk and expense of the consignees.

Also requested to send their Bills of Lading and Freights at the office of KURSONDASS MANSEY, Esq., Agent for the aforesaid ship, No. 37, Mody Street, Fort.

SHIPPING.

OVERLAND FREIGHT ROUTE,

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL, LONDON, TRIESTE, MARSEILLES, BRINDISI, VENICE, NAPLES, LEGHORN, GENOA, BARCELONA, HAVRE, ADEN, AND SUEZ.

THE Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Company, under arrangements with other first class lines of Steamers from Alexandria, undertake to give through Bills of Lading for Goods via Egypt to the above and most other Continental Ports.

A limited number of passengers can be accommodated.

Rates of Fare.

To Suez—1st class £40, 2nd class £25. } Exclusive
To Trieste—1st class £68, 2nd class £34. } of Wines.

Passengers by or for our Steamers will be furnished with First-class Tickets between Alexandria and Marseilles by Messrs. Fraissinet & Co.'s line for £10; making the passage-money between Bombay and Marseilles £50, exclusive of transit in Egypt.

We have arranged our departures from Bombay so as to arrive immediately before the departure of Messrs. Fraissinet's Steamer from Alexandria and avoid delay to passengers. The Marseilles Boats leave Alexandria every Thursday morning.

Steamers will leave Bombay every alternate Monday.

For Freight or Passage apply to Messrs. Stephen, Kennard & Co., London; Messrs. Tod, Kennard & Co., Liverpool; Messrs. Tod, Rathborne & Co., Alexandria; Austrian Lloyd's Steam Navigation Company, Trieste and Venice; Messrs. Fraissinet Pere et Fils, Marseilles; and Messrs. R. Rubattino and Co., Genoa; or to the undersigned in Bombay.

The Steam-ship PEI-HO, Captain [illegible], will be despatched on MONDAY, the 10th January.

STEARNS, HOBART, & Co.

NOTICE to OVERLAND PASSENGERS.—Half Pints of CHAMPAGNE of the FINEST QUALITY, Extra Dry Double Star, Gold Neck.

PAYNE & Co.,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY,
Immediately opposite the Custom House.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Will be Published early To-morrow Morning,

BOMBAY GAZETTE

OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The Bombay Gazette Overland Summary, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy ..... Annas 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street, Fort.

Will be Published To-morrow Morning,

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a fortnight at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the days of every alternate Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains :—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, with statement of Ships chartered, &c.
Export Manifests of Vessels which have sailed during the Fortnight.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece Goods and of Yarns into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the Three months and the same period so far back as 1860 and 1859 respectively.
Share List and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and of arrivals and departures of Vessels during the fortnight.

Annual Subscription (in advance).....Rs. 10
Single Copy..... Annas 8

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Medow Street, Fort.

EXTRA STEAMER TO CHINA.

THE P. & O. S. N. Company will despatch the s. s. BENGAL, 2,000 tons and 465 H. P.) Captain G. N. Hector, as an Extra Steamer to China, on FRIDAY, 14th instant.

For Freight apply to

G. F. HENRY, Superintendent.

NOTICE.—The Trustees of the CHARITA-BLE FUND of the late JEEJEEBHOY DADABHOY Esq., desire to engage a ZOROASTRIAN having a thorough knowledge of the English language, understanding Gujerati book-keeping and willing to travel in Guzerat, to act as Secretary to the Trustees.

Applications by letter, stating age, qualifications, and salary required, to be addressed to Messrs ACLAND, PRENTIS and BURJORJI, Solicitors, Bombay.

WENHAM LAKE ICE COMPANY.

No. 9, MARINE STREET.

FROM this date, until further Notice the PRICE OF ICE is NINE Pice per Pound.

FARNHAM & Co.

Bombay, 7th January 1870.

NOTICE of REMOVAL.—We have REMOVED our BYCULLA AUCTION ROOMS to Fort in Meadow Street, No. 25, opposite to the Oriental Bank, and next to Mr. Meyajee Ahmedbhoy's Millinery Establishment.

BYRAMJEE FRAMJEE & Co.

Bombay, 6th January 1870.

NOTICE.—CENTRAL BANK of WESTERN INDIA, in Liquidation.

The EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Bank, convened for this day, was ADJOURNED till 3 P.M. on WEDNESDAY, 2nd February 1870.

H. G. DUNLOP,
W. J. SUNDERSEE,
CASSUMBHOY DHURUMSEY,
LIMJEE JAMSETJEE,
} Liquidators.

30 Meadow Street, Bombay, 6th January 1870.

MESSRS HEERALALL & Co.—AUCTION SALE—THIS DAY, FRIDAY, 7th instant, at 2 P.M. Messrs HEERALALL & Co. will SELL by PUBLIC AUCTION at their Rooms, in Hummum Street, No. 9, the following :—

One share in the Mazagon Land and Reclamation Company, by order of Roopchund Comedchund, on account and risk of Bhicabai Champsey, numbered 165. Also, by order of Purmanundass Nagindass, on account and risk of Luxumon Bamojee and Narooroo Esuntjee—

4 Bullocks.
2 Carts.

And sundry articles, comprising Geneva Gold and Silver Watches
1 Shigram.
1 Buggy.
200 Copies of Travels in China.
Telescopes, Opera Glasses, &c, &c.

HEERALALL & Co.

THEATRE ROYAL,
GRANT ROAD.

DAVE CARSON'S MINSTREL AND DRAMATIC TROUPE.

TICKETS to be had at Messrs SOUNDY & Co.'s.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 8, 1870.

LAST NIGHT
OF THE
GLORIOUS COMIC CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME,
ENTITLED
THE FAIR ONE WITH THE GOLDEN LOCKS;
OR,
HARLEQUIN KING LACHRYMOSO.
WITH A
MUSICAL AND CHARACTERISTIC MELANGE,
IN WHICH
MESSRS. HERBEETE, BURTON, MONS. SEMELADIS, DAVE CARSON, AND Mrs. CARSON,
WILL APPEAR.

ON TUESDAY, 11TH JANUARY, 1870,
THE POPULAR ADELPHI PLAY OF
THE GREEN BUSHES.

N.B.—The use of Tobacco or Pan is strictly prohibited; plenty of room outside.

THEATRE ROYAL,
GRANT ROAD.

ON MONDAY, 10TH JANUARY 1870,
SPECIAL PERFORMANCE
OF
THE PANTOMIME
FOR
NATIVE GENTLEMEN AND THEIR FAMILIES;
On which occasion no Gentleman can be admitted unless accompanied by a Lady.

Prices of Admission as usual. Doors open at 6-30; Performance to commence at 7-0 prompt.

NOTICES.

Now ready, in Two Vols. Demy 8vo. Price 21s.

THE ADMINISTRATION OF INDIA
FROM 1859 TO 1868:
THE FIRST TEN YEARS OF ADMINISTRATION UNDER THE CROWN.
BY
ILTUDUS THOMAS PRICHARD,
(GRAY'S INN,) BARRISTER-AT LAW.
LONDON:—MACMILLAN AND Co., 1869.

TO VENDORS OF HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

Applications are frequently made for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity of Holloway's Pills and Ointment that must be purchased in order to obtain them at the lowest prices. It is therefore deemed advisable to reply generally to such enquiries through the columns of the press.

Orders of the value of £50 and upwards are executed at the following prices—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 54s. per dozen. If under £50, the medicines are charged 9d., 24s. 9d., and 58s. Cash in advance in both instances. No discount allowed.

To save Agents' commission, remittances should be made direct. Shipping charges moderate, insurances effected, when required.

THOMAS HOLLOWAY.

533, Oxford-street, W. C., London, 23th Nov. 1869.

HOUSES, &c., TO LET.

TO BE LET, a BUNGALOW at Breach Candy, No. 40, thoroughly repaired and painted, with immediate possession.—Apply to Mr. FRAMJEE NUSSERWANJEE, Cumballa House.

FRAMJEE NUSSERWANJEE.

TO BE LET, an upper storied BUNGALOW, No. 2, at Mazagon, Gunpowder Road, thoroughly repaired.—Apply to Mr. FRAMJEE NUSSERWANJEE, Cumballa House.

FRAMJEE NUSSERWANJEE.

NOTICES.

AMUSEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!

NEW SCIENTIFIC WONDERS.

PROFESSOR BUSHELL

will shortly appear.

N.B.—All Communications must be addressed, Hope Hall Hotel, Mazagon.

NOTICE.—The INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr. H. MULLER in our Firm have CEASED THIS DAY. KNOOP & Co.

Bombay, 1st January 1870.

NOTICE.—Mr. J. JOHNSTONE has resigned to the MANAGER of the MONTHLY LIMITED and GENERAL ASSURANCE COMPANY, and Mr. F. BURDETT is appointed in his place, and is authorized to sign all Bills, etc.

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE, ESPLANADE, BOMBAY.—STUDIES will be resumed in the College Buildings, Jan. 4th 1870: their object will be to prepare Candidates for the F. E. A. Examinations of 1870 and 1871.

In connection with the College will be an Upper and Lower School Division: the former including the V. and Matriculation Classes of St. Mary's Institution: the latter St. Xavier's Cave School, which will teach up to the IV. Standard.

For particulars apply at the College or St. Mary's Institution.

NOTICE.—BANK of INDIA (in Liquidation).—NOTICE is hereby given, that a FOURTH DIVIDEND, at the rate of Rs. 2½ (Rupees Two and three quarters) per Share on the Old, and Rs. 2½ (Rupees Two and one quarter) per Share on the New, Issue, will be paid to the Shareholders, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 12, Elphinstone Circle, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, between the hours of 11 A.M., and 4 P.M., and on every following Wednesday during the same hours.

J. A. J. SHAW,
BERAMJI NAOROSJI,
} Liquidators.

No. 12, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 21st July, 1869.

ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

WITH reference to the Notice under date the 19th of August 1869, that "premia payable at this branch will still continue to be received by the undersigned on behalf of the Provisional Liquidator authorized by the Court of Chancery to receive the same, but that such premia will be returned on 1st January 1870 should reconstruction or arrangements with another Company be not carried out,"

NOTICE is hereby given, that Vice-Chancellor James, upon the application of the Official Liquidators, has extended the time within which the holders of the Albert Life Assurance Company who have not sent their premiums since the 14th of August last, may elect to have such premiums returned to them in full from the 1st of January to the 30th of March next.

D. McE. SLATER,
For Official Liquidators.

Bombay, 1st January 1870.

NOTICE.—We have THIS DAY commenced BUSINESS at No. 22 Apollo Street, as GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS, and have been appointed SOLE AGENTS in INDIA for

Messrs. PLATT BROTHERS & Co., Machinists, Oldham.
Messrs. HICK, HARGREAVES & Co., Engineers, &c., Bolton.
Messrs. DANIEL ADAMSON & Co., Boiler Makers, &c., Newton.
Messrs. MAYBURY, MATTHEWS & Co., Hoop Iron Makers, Manchester.
Messrs. SYBRY, SEARLES & Co., Cannon Steel Works, Sheffield,

and are now prepared to EXECUTE ORDERS for every description of COTTON MACHINERY, ENGINES, BOILERS and MILL STORES.

GREAVES, COTTON, & Co.

Bombay, 1st January 1870.

NOTICE.—SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Acting Marine Storekeeper, at the Bombay Dockyard, up to 12 o'clock of the 17th January 1870, for the SUPPLY by CONTRACT specified in the SCHEDULE for one year, from 1st April 1870 to 31st March 1871.

Tenders to be superscribed "Tenders for the Supply of Miscellaneous Articles."

Tenders will not be received after the hour named.

Tenders must show a rate for each and every article comprised therein.

Parties may tender for one or as many complete classes as they please, but not for a portion of a class.

Each tender before being opened must be accompanied by the requisite deposit in cash.

Persons desirous of undertaking the Contract can obtain, on application at this Office, printed Forms of Tenders, Schedules of Articles to be supplied, and any other information they may require in connection therewith.

W. T. CROCKETT, Lieut. late I. N.,
Acting Marine Storekeeper.

Marine Storekeeper's Office, Bombay, 11th December 1869.

NOTICE is hereby given, that MAISTREE GOVIND BHIKHAJEE has CONTRACTED to SELL to MARWADY NAGA LUKHMA and MOTEE RUNCHORE, all that piece or parcel of Government LAND or GROUND with the message, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, and assessed under No. 377B, situate lying, and being situate the East of Bombay, in the Girgaum Road, in the sub-district of Bhoolcshwar, containing by admeasurement 300 square yards, and bounded on the east by the property of Luximon Lohana on the west by public passage, on the north by the property of Dr. Misquita, on the south by public passage and the property of Pandoo Essaje, and was formerly and is now in the occupation of the said Maistree Govind Bhikhajee. All persons having any claim against the said land and dwelling-house, by way of mortgage, inheritance, gift, or otherwise are required to make the same known, in writing, to Messrs. Heeralall and Company, at their Office, at No. 9 Hummum Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, after which time the sale will be completed and the claim made after the said period will be regarded as null and void.

HEERALALL & Co.

Bombay, 29th December 1869.

SUEZ CANAL.—The VICTORIA DOCK offers special advantages for the long Steam Vessels likely to be engaged in trading between ports in the East and London, by means of the Suez Canal.

The Victoria Dock entrance is the first dock entrance arrived at on coming up the River Thames. It is situate half-a-mile below Blackwall, and by it Steam Vessels avoid all the bends in the more crowded parts of the river.

The depth of water on the sill of the gates is 28 feet, and the capacity of the lock is adequate to the largest class of vessels.

Most of the Government iron-clads—the Minotaur and Northumberland, of 6,620 tons burthen, and 480 feet in length—were fitted out in the Victoria Dock.

The large water space of ninety acres, and capacious jetties, each of which is 500 feet long and 80 feet wide, with convenient warehouses thereon, afford the utmost dock and wharf accommodation; and attached to the dock is a pontoon, for raising, examining, and repairing large vessels, whereby the risk and expense of removal to dry docks is avoided.

The quays are surrounded by railway communication, so that trucks come alongside vessels, and merchandize can be conveyed by railway to and from all the manufacturing places in the United Kingdom.

By means of hydraulic cranes vessels are unloaded and loaded with unexampled despatch. Goods to and from the Victoria Dock are received at and delivered from the Minories Station by frequent trains in the day.

Passengers are conveyed to and from the Dock by trains between the Fenchurch Street and Bishopsgate Stations every quarter of an hour.

THOMAS CHANDLER.

London and St. Katharine Docks House, Leadenhall Street, London, December, 1869.

MUSICAL BOXES, JEWELLERY, CLOCKS.—Our stock has been replenished, and offers the most complete assortment desirable.

FAVRE, LEUBA, & Co.

WARRANTED WATCHES.—All Gold and Silver Watches of every description and size manufactured by us, and fitted with the latest improvements, are warranted to purchasers for the term of 1, 2, or 3 years.

FAVRE, LEUBA, & Co.

KEYLESS WATCHES.—For which the undersigned have also obtained the only first class Prize Medal at the Broach Exhibition. This watch is pronounced by competent judges to be the most practical and best time-keeper ever produced.

FAVRE, LEUBA, & Co.

RS. 50 SILVER WATCH.—The only first class Prize Medal was obtained by the undersigned at the late Broach Exhibition for this Watch: its durability and excellent way of keeping time cannot be surpassed at the price.

FAVRE, LEUBA, & Co.

T. CHATELAIN MONTANDON,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER, OPTICIAN, AND ENGRAVER,
No. 3, HUMMUM STREET,

Agent for Hy. Grandjean & Co., Locle (Switzerland), and London (47 Friday Street). Received Medals at all the great Exhibitions, Silver Medal at the Paris Exhibition of 1867.

Also Agent for Thevenaz Brothers, Locle; established in London for the last thirty years.

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.—Ladies' and Gentlemen's; the largest stock now in Bombay.

JEWELLERY.—Indian, Paris, Geneva, and German made; the largest stock now in Bombay.

SPECTACLES.—In Steel and Tortoise-shell Frames, Eye Glasses, Opera Glasses.

CLOCKS for Dining-rooms, Offices, and Railway Stations.

MUSICAL BOXES.—100 Musical Boxes to select from.

TERMS—CASH.

REPAIRS of all kinds carefully made.

Up-country Station orders punctually attended to.

LEA and PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the Public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester, Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CUTLER, PALMER, & Co.,
WINE MERCHANTS
TO
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN
AND
HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Established in Bombay in the Year 1812, in London and Bordeaux 1815.

CUTLER, PALMER, & Co. beg to draw attention to the following selection of their well known Wines and Spirits, fresh supplies of which have recently arrived:—

The Finest Dry CHAMPAGNES that can be shipped.

(Our own Brand.)

	Rs. as.
MAGNUMS, finest dry ..... (Labelled)	74 0
FINEST DRY Sparkling, gold foil ..... " ..... Qts.	36 0
FINEST SPARKLING, silver foil ..... " ..... "	32 0
GOOD SPARKLING, do. ..... " ..... "	27 0

(Also in Pints at Rs. 10-8 Rs. 17-8, and Rs. 14-8.)

SPIRITS.

These are protected by Patent Trade Mark Capsules, and our original Heart-shaped Label.

	Rs. as.
COGNAC, Old Pale ..... Black capsule	32 0
COGNAC, Superior Pale... Yellow capsule	28 0
COGNAC, Pale ..... White capsule	25 0
OLD JAMAICA RUM	22 0
OLD TOM, GIN, 1st Quality	21 0
GENEVA (1 dozen Flasks in a case)	21 0
IRISH WHISKEY	23 0
SCOTCH WHISKEY	21 0

SHERRIES.

Specially selected for Tropical Consumption.

(Our own Brand.)

	Rs. as.
WHITE SEAL, an ordinary Dinner Wine	15 0
YELLOW SEAL, Pale and Dry, an excellent Dinner Wine	18 0
BROWN SEAL, very Pale Dry and delicate	22 0
BLUE SEAL, extra Pale Dry and delicate	22 0
GREEN SEAL, full bodied, light gold color, Nutty and Dry.	22 0
AMOROSO, very choice, full flavored, soft and Pale	28 0
AMONTILLADO, very choice and superior	32 0
EAST INDIA MADEIRA (one voyage)	33 0

PORTS.

(Our own Brand.)

	Qts. Rs. as.	Pts. Rs. as.
A 1—OLD CRUSTED, choice	36 0	
A 1—GOLD SEAL, an invalid's wine, full and fruity	30 0	
1st Qlty. BLACK SEAL, a Dessert wine, mature ...	21 8	14 0
2nd " RED SEAL, a good wine	18 0	10 8

BORDEAUX.

(Our own brand.)

	Qts. Rs. as.	Pts. Rs. as.
CHATEAU MOUTON...Gold capsule.....per doz.	30	16 0
CHATEAU BAUZAN...Black capsule	25	0 0
CHATEAU LAMER...Blue capsule.....	22	0 12 0
CHATEAU LAGER...Yellow capsule.....	18	8 10 8
ST. JULIEN.....Green capsule	17	0 10 0
MEDOC (Cantenac) .....Red capsule.....	15	8 9 0
MEDOC ..... White "	13	8
HAUT SAUTERNES.....Red capsule.....	22	0 12 0

For particulars of their other Wines, CUTLER, PALMER, & Co. refer their friends and the public to their General Price List.

Orders are executed for not less than 1 dozen quarts or 2 dozen pints of any Wine or Spirit.

DEAN LANE, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE, Block, Gray's and Block

LAROSE CLARET	Rs. 37
ST. JULIEN CLARET	" 28

In cases of 1 dozen each.

W. NICOL & Co.

WINES.—FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the Undersigned—

FINE MILK SHERRY	Per dozen quarts	Rs. 2
CLARET LEOVILLE	"	17
" MOUTON	"	17
" LARMONT	"	12
" St. JULIEN	"	10
CHABLIS	"	17
BARSAC	"	17
WHISKEY, Irish	"	18
CURAÇOA	"	15
MARASCHINO	"	15
FINE CHAMPAGNE	"	24
" "	Per 2 dozen pints	28

BLACKWELL & Co.

17th November, 1869.

FOR SALE, at the Godown of the undersigned, No. 27 Meadow Street, the following Wines, shipped by Messrs. Finke & Co., Bordeaux:—

CLARET.—Medoc St. Julien ..... each case 4 doz. Rs. 10 per doz.

Do. Pauillac	"	4	"	12 "
1864 Monton d'Armaillacq	"	1	"	15 "
1864 Chateau Larose	"	1	"	20 "
1864 Chateau Lafitte	"	1	"	25 "
BRANDY.—Robin & Co.'s 3 years old	"	1	"	30 "
Do. 10 "	"	1	"	30 "
Finke & Co.'s fine Champagne Cognac	1	"	"	29 "
SHERRY.—Gibb & Bruce's green seal	3	"	"	18 "
Do. red	3	"	"	20 "
Do. Amontillado	2	"	"	26 "
Robertson's blue seal	1	"	"	16 "

MACNEE, THOMSEN, & WARNEKEN.

THE JERUSALEM NEWS ROOMS, Corner of Forbes Street, Rampart Row. Ices and Light Refreshments may be had on the premises.

ICES! ICES!! ICES!!!

JEWANJEE'S EXCHANGE.

Messrs. JEWANJEE & Co. beg to intimate that they have arranged to have Superior ICE CREAMS and WATER ICE always ready at their Tiffin Rooms, at the corner of Meadow Street and Hummum Street, at 4 Annas a Glass.

JEWANJEE'S EXCHANGE.

(By JEWANJEE & Co., Proprietors Byculla Hotel).

Messrs. JEWANJEE & Co. beg to intimate that their FIRST CLASS TIFFIN and BILLIARD ROOMS in the commodious premises at the corner of Meadow Street and Hummum Street are open daily, and that Hot-chops, Steaks, and Oysters, &c., &c., are served up in a superior style, at a minute's notice.

The Billiard Room and ordinary Tiffin Room are on the ground floor, and on the first flat there are half a dozen nicely fitted up private rooms for tiffins.

A First class selection of WINES, SPIRITS, and BEER, &c

JEWANJEE & Co.

THE CHOWK HOTEL, MATHERAN.

Messrs. JEWANJEE & Co., the Proprietors of the CHOWK HOTEL, MATHERAN, in thanking Visitors for the very liberal patronage extended to the Hotel throughout last season, beg to intimate that they have now RE-OPENED the Hotel.

The Chowk Hotel is the highest bungalow on the hill, and is therefore well exposed to the breeze. There is a large Verandah, from which the view is very pleasing, and also an excellent Billiard Table. Attached to the Hotel is a fine range of Bedrooms, and the furnishing and thorough cleanliness maintained will, the Proprietors hope, continue to secure the comfort of Visitors and afford satisfaction. Care is taken to keep on stock a good supply of Wines, Spirits, &c., of the first quality.

Terms as before, Rs. 6 per day.

METAL MART, BOREE BUNDER.—Just landed several Hand Fire Engines, by Shand, Mason & Co., with suction and delivery Hose. Rs. 1,100 each.

Also, now in the Harbour and daily expected to be landed, Portable Steam Engines, by Clayton and Shuttleworth, having enlarged Fire Boxes suitable for burning wood fuel.

10 Horse Power	Rs. 3,200
8 " "	" 2,600
6 " "	" 2,200

Lift Pumps, 6 and 8 inch bore.

Galvanized Corrugated Iron Sheets, 6, 7, and 8 Feet long, Nos. 20 and 24 Gauge.

A few Iron Plate Girders, 33 Feet long, 21 inches deep, weighing about 1 cwt. per running foot.

Fresh Portland Cement, in 4 cwt. Casks.

Tools.—Bar and Plate Iron.

Estimates given for every description of Iron Work and Machinery.

W. NICOL & Co.

Bombay, 19th October, 1869.

JAMES W. ALLAN and Co., (Late KINLOCH and ALLAN),
3, NESBIT LANE, FORT,
BOMBAY.

Bar, Plate, Sheet and Hoop Iron.
Cast and

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SHARE MARKET.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

MARKET still declining, one hundred shares of New Elphinstones were sold at Rs. 600 per share.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Number of Shares.	Nomi. value of sh.	Paid up.	Last divi-dend.	Names.	cash rates per Share.
	Rs.	Rs.	p. c.		
100,000	100	all	10 p.ct.	Agra Bank	130
72,000	1,000	all	8 p.ct.	Bank of Bengal	1,200
10,000	500	all	6 p.ct.	Do. of Bombay New	615
15,000	500	100	...	Ditto 2nd Res. Issue	180
5,250	1,000	all	12 p.ct.	Ditto of Madras	1,260
20,000	250	all	20 p.ct.	Chartered Mercantile Bk. of I. L. & China	230
40,000	200	all	6 do.	Chartered Bk. of I. & C.	120
47,000	200	120	8 do.	National Bank of India	136
60,000	200	all	12 do.	Oriental Bank	440

LAND COMPANIES.

4,000	3,000	all	Rs. 65	Colaba Land Co.	1,515
10,000	1,000	all	Rs. 30	Right to the Land	185
10,000	1,000	650	11-14	Do. New	665
20,000	150	all	Nil	Fraze Land & Pier Co. Ld	160
2,000	5,000	4,100	Nil	Mazagon Land	1000
5,000	2,000	1,48	Nil	Port Canning	280

PRESS COMPANIES.

150	8,000	2,850	35 ps.	Akbar Cotton Press Co.	2,375
200	2,000	1,100	100 do.	Albert Co. Rugsoice	615
250	2,000	850	60 do.	Alexandra Press Co.	450
	12,00	11,000	100 do.	Apollo Press Co.	8,400
200	2,500	all	75 do.	Bombay Press Co.	2,125
200	500	all	100 do.	Do. New	530
300	1,800	all	100 do.	Colaba Press Co.	9,000
350	2,000	all	...	East Indian Press Co.	1,150
150	3,000	all	100 ps.	Fort Press Co.	2,400
300	2,000	1,800	...	Franji Cowasji Press	900
200	5,000	all	40 ps.	Hydraulic Press Co.	3,450
1000	5,000	2,500	100 ps.	Kamachee Press Co.	800
1,500	1,000	600	...	Mofus Press & G. Co.	240
125	2,500	all	200 ps.	Prince of Wales Press	3,000
225	2,000	750	200 ps.	Victoria Press, Madras	1,050
150	2,000	all	...	Timeverly Press Co.	1,650

(For shares for the half-year)

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

...	£2	18.3.3	3 p.c.	G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	250
...	£2	169 4.2	do.	Do. New £50 shares	198
...	£ 6	6 5.10.2	do.	Do.	...
...	£10	1,06.5.11	do.	B. B. & C. I. Railway Co	1,100
...	£10	196.5.11	do.	Do. New Shares	200

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

400	2,000	1,760	80	Albert Mills Co.	800
500	2,500	all	30 p.a.	Alliance Spinning	1,150
100	5,500	all	...	Bombay	2,200
200	1,000	all	10 p.c.	Bombay United	730
800	500	all	...	Broach Mills	210
800	2,000	all	...	Dharamsey Spinning	1,040
750	2,000	all	100 p.a.	Great Eastern	1,300
500	1,000	all	50	Manockji Petit's	705
2,000	2,000	2,000	...	Oriental	1,285
600	7,500	2,300	...	Royal	1,275

MISCELLANEOUS.

600	2,500	1,500	125 ps.	Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation	835
4,000	50	all	5 pc.	Mechanics' B'ld'g Co.	33
500	2,000	500	90	Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Company	160
2,000	500	all	Nil	Treasurer & Co.	285

BANKS IN LIQUIDATION.

	Date of Liquidation.		
500	30 Jan. '66	Bank of Bombay	50
25	13 ...	Do. Chita	51
200	28 Sept. '67	B'bay Trdg & B'kg	6
200	10 Sept. '67	Brokers' Bank	15
200	... Mar. '68	Central Bank	2½
250	...	East India Bank'g Co.	15—16
200	16 Feb. '67	Indian Peninsula	6
200	6th May '67	Royal Bank	7
1000	7th Apr. '67	Old Financial	1

COMPANIES IN LIQUIDATION.

5,200	1,750	Nov. '66	Back Bay Co.	529
3,500	2,400	...	B'bay & Bengal S. S.	100
5,000	2,400		Bombay Ship Co.	100

EXCHANGE.

On	Terms.	Rate
London	At sight	1s. 11 7/16d.
London Banks	3 months' sight	1s. 11¾d.
Do. Credits	4 Do. do.	1s. 11 15/16d.
Do. Documents	4 Do. do.	1s. 11¾d.
Calcutta	At sight	100
Do.	30 days' sight	100 par.
Do.	60 days' sight	99½
Madras	30 days' sight	100 par.
Do.	90 days' sight	99½
China	60 Do. do	222

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns each	Rs.	10-6
Bank of England Notes	,,	10-4
Carolus	,,	2-96
Mexican Dollars	,,	2-90
Five-Franc Pieces	,,	2-83
Bar Silver	,,	1-04-1
Gold Leaf	,,	15-10
Bar Gold (4 9 Fineness)	,,	16
		15-5-0

per cent.

[illegible] 107
[illegible] 107
[illegible] 107
[illegible] 107
10 p.c. ... do. ... 1868 107
5 years' do. do. ... 1869 107
Government Municipal Loan 5 p.c. Rate ... 105
Do. Do. Middle Rate ... 105½

MILITARY.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 6.

Campbell, Captain, 104th Fusiliers, on duty, from Peshawar.
Fisher, Lieutenant, 7th Hussars, on duty, from Sealkote.
O'Connell, Colonel, Royal Artillery, on sick leave, from Bangalore.
Barrow, Captain, Rifles, on leave, from Shoiapore.
Boutflie, Lieutenant, 20th Hussars.
Gore, Major, 6th Dragoons, on leave, from Ahmednuggur.
Foy, Lieutenant, H. M.'s 40th Regiment, on duty.
Forbes, Brigadier-General, Staff, on leave, from Ahmednuggur.
Ward, Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Medical Department, on duty, from Cutwar.
Winson, Captain, 18th Bengal N. I., on leave, from Goruckpore.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 6.

Price, Surgeon, 1-14th Regiment, on duty, to England.
Harbord, Major, 1-7th Royal Fusiliers, on medical certificate, to England.
Bromhead, Lieutenant, 2-24th Regiment, on medical certificate, to England.
Way, Lieutenant, 12th Regiment, on duty, to Aden.
Butler, Lieutenant, 22nd Regiment, on medical certificate, to England.
Woodruffe, Lieutenant, 45th B. Native Infantry, on medical certificate, to England.
Balaham, Staff Surgeon, Medical Staff, on medical certificate, to England.
Shaw, Surgeon, 109th Regiment, on duty, to England.
Hyde, Assistant Surgeon, 2-10th Foot, on medical certificate, to England.
Cook, Lieutenant, 3rd Infantry, on medical certificate, to England.
Keough, Captain, 12th Regiment, on duty, to England.
Wallis, Colonel, 95th Regiment, on sick leave, to England.
Loch, Lieutenant, Royal Horse Artillery, on sick leave, to England.
Barnardiston, Lieutenant, 2-25th Regiment, on sick leave, to England.
Hickson, Colonel, Staff Corps, on duty, to Neemuch.
Hobson, Captain, attached 20th Regiment, on duty, to Chandoee.
Davidson, Lieutenant-Colonel, Madras Staff Corps, en route to join, to Rajpoolanna.

ARMY GENERAL ORDERS.

By His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Adjutant General's Office Head Quarters, Poona, 5th Jan. 1870.

The following are ordered on the Subordinate Medical Department, British Troops Branch :—

Apothecary J McDonald (No 21), from general duty, Poona, to 1st B 2nd Foot.

Assistant Apothecary J Gallagher (No 123), from general duty, Poona, to general duty, Sind.

Assistant Apothecary J Prem (No 147), from general duty, Poona, to 1st B 2nd Foot.

The following order is confirmed :—

25th Regiment N I,—Regimental order, dated 25th December 1869, directing Major Rolls to perform the duties of Quarter Master in addition to his own.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence :—

Royal Horse Artillery—Lieutenant J Loch, (C B A B) to England, overland, from date of embarkation, to appear before a medical board.

Lieutenant C H Campbell, (D B E B) to England, overland, from date of embarkation, to appear before a medical board.

3rd Foot (1st B)—Captain J F Whitworth, to England, overland, per troop ship, from date of embarkation, to appear before a medical board.

8th Foot (1st B)—Lieutenant J B Kenney Tynte, to England, overland, per troop, ship from date of embarkation, to appear before a medical board.

Ensign F W Saunders, to England, overland, per troop ship, from date of embarkation, to appear before a medical board.

20th Foot—Major R Lacy, from 16th November 1869 to 19th January 1870, to remain in England on private affairs.

95th Foot—Colonel J Wallis, to Bombay, from date of departure to 30 days, preparatory to obtaining a final certificate to Europe.

103rd Foot—Captain (Local Major) E Brandt, to England overland, per troop ship, from date of embarkation, to appear before a medical board.

1st B Regiment N I—Lieutenant-Colonel W Walker, to the coast, from 1st to 31st January, 1870, on medical certificate.

5th Regiment N I.—Lieutenant J M Madden, to the coast, from 31st December 1869 to 28th February 1870 on medical certificate (This cancels the leave given to this officer in G O C No 781 oth be 22nd ultimo).

Royal Artillery—Captain R A Stevenson (18th Brigade), to remain at Bombay, from 1st to 15th January 1870, on medical certificate, in extension.

Indian Medical Service—Assistant Surgeon H A Lewis, to Bombay, from 1st to 31st January 1870, on medical certificate, in extension.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, Jan. 6.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Lieutenant Colonel J. R. A. S. Lowe, Officiating Assistant Commissary General, Bengal Establishment, is allowed furlough to Europe for two years, on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868.

Lieutenant C. L. Woodruffe, Quarter Master 45th Bengal Native Infantry, is allowed furlough to Europe for eighteen months, on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868.

Lieutenant J. Cook, 3rd Seikh Infantry, is allowed furlough to Europe for two years, on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868.

Sub-Conductor H. B. Jackson, Sub-Engineer Public Works Department, is allowed furlough to Europe for two years, on medical certificate :—

Lieutenant C. C. Y. Butler 23rd Regiment N. I. is allowed furlough to Europe for eighteen months, on medical certificate, under Rule 15th of the Furlough Regulations of 1868.

Major Henry Lock, 103th Foot, to officiate as Assistant Adjutant General at Division, during such time as Lieut.-Colonel Cahusac may be otherwise employed.

Lieutenant Colonel B. Clerk, Madras Staff Corps, is allowed furlough to Europe for eight years, on medical certificate, under the F. Regulations of 1868.

Lieutenant G. A. L. A. Whitmore, R.E., Assistant Engineer, First Grade P. W. D., Bengal, is allowed furlough to Europe for one year, on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868.

Assistant Surgeon C. C. Pitt, of the Bengal Medical Establishment, is allowed furlough to Europe for two years on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868.

Lieutenant H. J. Xawle, Royal Artillery, is admitted to the Staff Corps on probation.

Assistant Surgeon B. Keelan, was allowed furlough to Europe for twenty months, from 4th June 1868, on medical certificate.

Staff Assistant Surgeon J. A. J. O'Brien, M.D., of the British Medical Department, is brought on the strength of Her Majesty's Forces in this Presidency, from the 24th December 1869, the date of his arrival at Bombay.

Captain Thomas Ernest Britten of the Staff Corps, having completed twenty years' service, to be Major from the 26th December 1869, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

Captain and Brevet Major William Hicks, of the Staff Corps, having completed twenty years' service, to be Major from the 29th December 1869, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

Colonel G. G. Brown, Royal Horse Artillery, commanded the Belgaum District from the 8th November to the 14th December 1869, both days inclusive.

In supersession of General Order No. 680, 6th October, it is notified that Brigadier General Sealy commanded the Mhow Division from the 3rd August to 25th September 1869.

The date of arrival of the Medical Officers named in G. O. No. 759, of 17th November 1869, is 30th of October 1869, instead of the date therein announced.

The services of Lieutenant Colonel T. Thatcher, Staff Corps, Superintendent of Police, Ahmednuggur, and Acting Superintendent of Police, Poona, are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H. Rassam has been permitted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to resign his appointment as First Assistant to the Political Resident at Aden, from the 5th ultimo. Captain G. R. Goodfellow has been appointed First Assistant to the Political Resident at Aden.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the appointment made by the Honourable the Chief Justice of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature, of Mr. Narrayen Mahadeo Purmanund as Acting Assistant Registrar of the High Court, during the absence of Mr. G. A Summers on privilege leave, or till further orders.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. C. G. W. Macpherson, appointed by the Secretary of State for India a Member of Her Majesty's Civil Service on the Bombay Establishment, reported his arrival in Bombay on the 30th ultimo.

Mr. M. A. Cumming, Assistant Superintendent Revenue Survey and Assessment, to act as Deputy Superintendent, Ahmednuggur Revision Survey, during Mr. Grant's employment as Acting Superintendent of the Tanna and Ratnaghery Survey, or until further orders.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Captain P. Phelps, R.E., received charge of the Office of the Superintending Engineer in Sind from Captain J. LeMessurier, R.E., on the afternoon of the 17th Nov. 1869.

Captain C. J. Merriman, R.E., received charge of the above office from Captain P. Phelps, R.E., on the afternoon of the 25th November 1869.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. John Mackinlay, Chief Engineer and Inspector of Machinery, Bombay Dockyard, is allowed leave of absence to England for one year, on medical certificate, to commence from the date of embarkation.

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

With reference to Notification dated 14th July 1869, Dr. Cumming continued to act as Assistant Medical Superintendent, 3rd Division Indo-European Telegraph, Persia, in addition to his own duties, during the months of February and March 1868.

SHIPPING.

DAILY FREIGHT REPORT.—5TH JANUARY.

London	Cotton	£2 5s. 0d.	Nom.
	Cases	£2 0s. 0d. to £2 5s. 0d.	,,
	Seeds	£1 10s. 0d.	,,
	Iron Ships Cotton	£1 12s. 6d. to £1 15s. 0d.	,,
Liverpool	Wooden Ships	£1 10s. 0d.	,,
	Myrabolns & Coir bills	£0 10s. 0d. to £0 12s. 6d.	,,
	Seeds	£0 15s. 0d. to £1 0s. 0d.	,,
Havre	Coffee	£2 10s. 0d.	Nominal
Overland	Steamers	£4 0s. 0d. to £4 5s. 0d.	,,
Liverpool via Suez Canal		£3 10s. 0d.	,,
China	Steamer Cotton	Rs. 6	per bale.
	Opium	Rs. 25 to 30	per chest.
	Sailing Ships		Nominal
Calcutta	Salt	Rs. 3 0 0 to 4 0 0	per ton.
Calcutta to Bombay		Rs. 13 to 14 and Calcutta Port Charges	
Mauritius		8 annas per bag	nominal.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
6	Lord Clyde (s)	Kingcome	Cochin, Dec. 31.
	Scotia (s)	Avern	Calcutta, Dec. 14.
	Sir J. L. Carnac (s)	Guiedar	Sea.
	Teazle	Nacoda	Singapore, Dec. 14.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
6	H. M. S. Euphrates	Curm	Aden and Suez.
	Minden	Jambert	Singapore.
	Taylee (s)	Jo'Costa	Malabar Coast.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—

Steamer Dessoe Anderson, to China.
Ship Lobelia, Mowat, to Vizagapatam.
Ship Tadmia, White, to Moulmein.
Ship Conway, Richards, to Calcutta via Moulmein.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Lord Clyde, to Ostob Maudvee.
Ship Agamemnon, to Liverpool.
Ship Duke of Newcastle, to Liverpool.
Ship Elizabeth, to Rangoon.

BENGAL.

The Telegraph of January 1st has the following :—

ARRIVALS.—Ships Penthesilea, (B), W Reid, Melbourne 7th November; Mary Anne, (B), Henry Lovett, Rangoon 14th December; and Steamer Indus, (B), W Harrath, Calcutta 29th December, touched at Port Blair 30th November, Camorta 3rd December, and Singapore 11th December.

DEPARTURES.—Ships [illegible] Asia, and Ship Goldfinder.

Passengers per Ship [illegible] Mr. Robb Master.

COPPER-PLATE PRINTING, ENGRAVING, &c.—VISITING CARDS, Invitation Cards, Wedding Cards and Envelopes, Cheques, Bills of Lading, Office and Bank Seals, Seals for Stamping Envelopes, &c., engraved to order, and at moderate prices. Specimens may be seen at the Office of the Bombay Gazette Press.

JOB PRINTING in all its BRANCHES.—Ornamental Printing in Colours and in Gold. Bills, Broadsides, Theatrical and Musical Programmes, Cards of all descriptions; Heading and Memorandum Lodgers, Memo. Heads, &c., &c. Machine-ruling and Paging, and Bookbinding. Estimates forwarded on application to the Manager.

BOMBAY GAZETTE STEAM PRESS.

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE Proprietor of the "Bombay Gazette" Press having leased (among other privileges) from the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, and the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Company, the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to these two Companies, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting Bills or Notices of Advertisements on the lines.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the Native languages.

The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kinds before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every line in the United Kingdom.

Insurance Companies, Shipping Companies, Hotel-keepers, Merchants, Traders, and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privlege of Railway Station Advertising.

There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway passengers on the two trunk lines of Western India, native merchants, traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations a decided means of extending their business.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers, may be printed at the "Bombay Gazette" Press.

Advertisers can select the Stations, on either line, at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely moderate scale to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Terms of Advertising may be learned on application to the Manager, "Bombay Gazette" Press.

"Bombay Gazette" Press, 1869

THE INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE FOR JANUARY.

PRICE—EIGHT ANNAS.

CONTAINING the latest alterations in the time of running of the Trains on the various Lines of Railway, the time tables of the Local Trains between Bombay and Bandora, on the B. B. and C. I. and G. I. P. Lines, Steamer time tables, in addition to a large amount of interesting and useful information to travellers.

The GUIDE, having a large circulation amongst travellers, by rail and otherwise is a most effective medium for advertisements.

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AGENTS

Bombay and Poona :—Messrs. Cheesen and Woodhall.
Bombay :—Messrs. Thacker, Vining & Co.
Poona :—Messrs. Treasher & Co.
Alexandria :—Messrs. D. Robertson, and
London :—Mr. G. Street, 30 Cornhill.

POSTAL NOTICES.

OVERLAND MAILS.

The Overland Mail, per P. and O. Co.'s steam packet, will be closed on SATURDAY, the 8th Jan., at 4 P.M.; the after-packet at 2 P.M. After-packet letters will not be forwarded unless an 8-anna Stamp is affixed to the letter in addition to the postage. Registered letters will be received until 3 P.M. The latest hour for posting at the several English Post Offices is 1 P.M.

CHINA MAILS.

The Post Office packets for Ceylon, Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong, per P. & O. Company's steamer, will be closed on FRIDAY the 7th Jan., at 9 A.M. A packet for late letters will be kept open on payment of the usual fee until 10 A.M. Registered letters will be received until 6 P.M. of the previous day.

MAIL BETWEEN CALCUTTA, THE STRAITS, AND HONGKONG.

Under arrangements made with the owners of the Opium Steamers, which ply monthly between Calcutta, the Straits and Hongkong, these Steamers are closed as Indian Mail Packet, and Letters, Newspapers, and Packets of Newspapers, Books, or Patterns are forwarded by them from Calcutta for the Straits and Hongkong under the same conditions, and at the same rates, as similar articles forwarded by British Mail Packets [Peninsular and Oriental Company].

These Steamers leave Calcutta about 12 days more or less after each Government Opium Sale.

Mails for the United States of America, via Hongkong, can be forwarded by these Steamers at the same rates and under the same conditions as by British Packets.

The Opium Steamers proceed from Calcutta direct to the Straits and thence to Hongkong, and the time of transit from Calcutta to Hongkong is only about 15 days, that is, about 7 days less than the time taken by the British Packets [Peninsular and Oriental Company], which proceed by the more circuitous route of Madras and Galle.

DESPATCH OF INLAND MAILS FROM BOMBAY.

Revised Table of the hours for closing the Inland Mails to outstrue in force till further notice.

MAILS.	General Office.	Branch Offices.
For Post Towns on the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, for Khandeish, Malwa, Berar, Central Provinces, Punjab, N. W. Provinces, and Bengal	1 A.M.	10 A.M.
Do. on the S. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, for Poona, the Deccan, S. M. Country, and Madras Presidency also for Ahmednuggur and Secoor	12 NOON.	11 A.M.
Do. on the S. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, as far as Poona	8 A.M.	5 P.M. previous day.
Do. on the B. B. and C. I. Railway, for Guzerat, Kurrachee, Sind, Kattiawar, and Cutch	3 A.M.	5 P.M. previous day.
Do. in Southern Concan, i.e., for Penn, Nagoina, Mhar, Khed, Bapoolee, and Ratnaghery	6 A.M.	5 P.M. previous day.

Registered letters and bonghy parcels for dispatch by all mails will be received except on Sundays, from 8 A.M. to 1 P.M.

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

No. 2083 of 1869-70.

CONVOCATION for CONFERRING DEGREES.—A Convocation for conferring Degrees will be holden in the Town Hall, on TUESDAY, 11th January 1870, at 5 P.M.

JAMES TAYLOR,
Bombay, 3rd January 1870. University Registrar.

No. 2084 of 1869-70.
SENATE.

MEMBERS of the Senate who intend to be present at the Convocation on the 11th, are requested to send their Cards to the Registrar on or before MONDAY next, the 10th instant.

JAMES TAYLOR,
Bombay, 3rd January 1870. University Registrar.

No. 2085 of 1869-70.
NOTICE TO VISITORS.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desirous of attending the Convocation for conferring Degrees to be holden in the Town Hall, on TUESDAY, the 11th January 1870, at 5 P.M., are requested to forward, as early as convenient, their Cards with their addresses thereon, under Envelopes, addressed—"To the University Registrar, Town Hall."

Cards of Admission will be afterwards sent.

By order,
JAMES TAYLOR,
Bombay, 3rd January 1870. University Registrar.

No. 2086 of 1869-70.

ACADEMIC COSTUME.

1. Academic costume will be worn at the admission to Degrees, which will take place in the Town Hall on Tuesday, the 11th January 1870, at 5 P.M.

2. Such of the Fellows of the University of Bombay as are graduates of other Universities, or as are entitled to wear official costume, or uniform, may appear in the Academic dress of their own Universities, or in such costume or uniform, wearing in addition the Fellow's scarf of the University of Bombay.

3. Other Fellows will wear the Fellow's gown and scarf of the University of Bombay. The head-dress of the European Fellows is a College cap.

4. Gowns and scarfs of the University will be given for use on this occasion to applicants entitled to receive them, according to the order in which their names occur in the list of subscriptions for the use of costumes.

5. Messrs. Watson and Co., Robe-Makers to the University, will provide the Academic costume of any University which Fellows of the University of Bombay are entitled to wear.

6. A Graduate or Candidate for a Degree may have the use of a Gown for one occasion on prepayment of Rs. 10.

By order,
JAMES TAYLOR,
Bombay, 3rd January 1870. University Registrar.

Ex. Gr. Judges, Bishops, Barristers, Military and Naval Officers.

No. 2087 of 1869-70.

CONVOCATION of the UNIVERSITY of BOMBAY for CONFERRING DEGREES TUESDAY, 11TH JANUARY 1870.

1.—CANDIDATES FOR DEGREES and GRADUATES, are required to be in the DURBAR ROOM, TOWN HALL, at 3 P.M. precisely, to robe and take their places assigned them.

2.—The Senate are requested to be in the Durbar Room by a quarter past 4 o'clock.

3.—Visitors should alight from their carriages either at the steps on the West side of the Town Hall or under the North Porch of the Town Hall.

4.—Seats will be reserved for ladies, and gentlemen accompanying ladies, near the University seats, that is, fronting the statue of Mountstuart Elphinstone.

5.—Other gentlemen will take their seats behind those reserved for ladies and gentlemen accompanying ladies.

6.—Procession.—At five o'clock the Vice-Chancellor and Fellows of the University will enter the Hall, when all present will RISE AND REMAIN STANDING until the Vice-Chancellor has taken his seat.

ORDER OF PROCESSION.

I.—FELLOWS
(In pairs,)
Juniors first.

II.—EX-OFFICIO FELLOWS, MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, JUDGES OF THE HIGH COURT, MEMBERS OF COUNCIL, & BISHOPS.
(In Pairs.)

Educational Officers; Members of the Legislative Council
Judges of the High Court;
Members of Council; Bishop; Chief Justice.

III.—UNIVERSITY OFFICERS.
BOARD OF ACCOUNTS,
REGISTRAR.
SENATORS.
(In Pairs.)
Civil Engineering, Medicine, Law and Art.
DEANS.
Civil Engineering, Medicine, Law and Arts.
THE VICE-CHANCELLOR.

7.—The Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows of the University having taken their seats in front of the statue of Mountstuart Elphinstone, then will follow on behalf of each Candidate for a Degree—

The Supplication by the Dean of the Faculty in which he graduates;

The passing of a Grace by the Senate for his Admission to the Degree;

His Presentation by the Dean to the Vice-Chancellor; and

His Admission to the Degree by the Vice-Chancellor.

After which the Registrar will make Declaration of the Degrees conferred.

8.—The Registrar will read a Report by the Syndicate of the proceedings of the University during the past year.

9.—The Vice-Chancellor will deliver an Address.

10.—The Vice-Chancellor will dissolve the Convocation.

11.—The RETIRING PROCESSION.—The assembly WILL RISE AND REMAIN STANDING until the retiring procession of the Vice-Chancellor and Fellows has left the Hall.

By order,
JAMES TAYLOR,
University Registrar.

3rd January 1870.

BOMBAY ASSEMBLIES.—SUBSCRIBERS are informed that an ASSEMBLY will take place on TUESDAY EVENING, the 11th January, at the house on Malabar Hill lately occupied by Mr. Disney, kindly placed at the disposal of the Committee by Mr. Kennowjee Naik.

H. J. STOCK, Captain,
Honorary Secretary

Marine Lines, 6th January 1870.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS ONE RUPEE, AND THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BENGAL.

MARRIAGE.

MILNE—GOODDAY—December 31st, at the Cathedral, Calcutta, by the Rev. J. Cave-Brown, Brigadier-General H. Milne, Commanding at Dinapore, to Charlotte, eldest daughter of Horatio Goodday, Esq., M.D., of Bayswater, London.

DEATHS.

ASHE—December 29th, at Serampore, Charles Ashe, the youngest son of the late Lieutenant-General St. George Ashe, of the Bengal Army, aged 72 years, 11 months and 16 days.

COUPER—At Hissar, the youngest son of Major Couper, aged 1 year.

NORTH-WEST PROVINCES, &c.

BIRTHS.

O'MEARA—December 31st, at Umballa, the wife of A. O Mears, Esq., of a daughter.

LAMBERT—January 1st, at Mirzapore, the wife of Rev. J. A. Lambert, L. M. S., of a son.

BRAGANCA—January 3rd, at Allahabad, the wife of Mr. James Braganca, of a son

NOTICE.

All CHEQUES, MONEY ORDERS, and other Remittances sent to this office, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

Bombay Gazette Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JANUARY 7, 1870.

WITHOUT waiting for the report of Colonel Pelly on the recent operations in the Persian Gulf we may comment on the despatch of Captain Douglas, which has been obtained by means so unusual and published in a manner so eccentric. If Mr. Renter's agent here has acted with his usual promptitude the Admiralty will have the pleasure, so novel to them, of knowing that despatches they have not read have been laid before the public. But the strange publication of the Naval despatch does not detract in the least degree from the merit of the actions it records; and we may leave the authorities to deal with those who were instrumental in giving up the document.

The position seized by the pirates consists of two islands off the Arabian coast of the Gulf, Bahrein the nearest land-ward, is an irregularly shaped mass not quite so broad as it is long, with broken shores. Muharag, which lies to seaward is like a long horseshoe. A channel somewhat narrow at the northern end and of uncertain depth, divides the two islands. The northern point of Bahrein and a place on the opposite curve of Muharag were fortified, while another fort stood at the southern point of the western horn of the same island. Both islands were fringed with reefs of rock and shoals, and we have naval testimony, reported in the published extract from Colonel Pelly's report to Government, respecting the treacherous character of the place and its fitness for a pirate stronghold. The piratical Arabs held the forts, and of course overawed the inhabitants, to whom they must have been most unwelcome guests. It was against this position, really formidable if held by desperate men, that the small squadron under Captain Douglas had to operate.

The men proved not to be desperate; but it must be confessed that they were admirably managed and made to feel the weight of that power whom they had provoked. Nor was the skill shown only in obtaining possession of all the pirate chiefs, save, we believe, one who fled to Arabia; it was manifest in the creditable fact that not a man was lost, and only one hurt accidentally. As the larger men-of-war could not approach the coast, Captain Douglas anchored about four miles off on the north, and put a 64-pounder in the Clyde, the soundings taken by Mr. White having shown that the gunboats could get within range. The Clyde and several boats then ran up to the Manameh Fort on Bahrein and tried to dispose of the business without the use of force. Having given due warning the Clyde steamed round to the southern end of Maharag. In that part it was believed that Mohamed bin Kalifa was held as a prisoner. A parley with the garrison and a skilful display of force soon induced the pirates to surrender that cool and truculent chief. He was, we believe, in fetters when given up, but these, of course, must have been speedily knocked off. This important capture having been so ably effected, the Clyde went back to Manameh, and, as words were of no avail, shot and shell soon made the chief fly to securer quarters. Meantime intelligence arrived that an important agent and ally of the pirates was on the move between the islands, and Captain Douglas records that he was neatly picked up and placed in security. A smart gale now interrupted the work, but the enemy could not profit by it, and better weather soon enabled Captain Douglas to batter a breach in Manameh, occupy a fort found to be abandoned, and blow it up. It was here that Captain Douglas, caught in the debris of the explosion, was severely hurt. The fall of Manameh shook down the confidence of the pirates in Maharag, for they were induced to surrender without firing a shot. It is evident that much of the moral effect was due to the skilful use of the means available, and it is easy to see what loss might have been incurred had the direction of operations been in the hand of less able men.

The crowning effort had now to be made. Esau bin Ali, son of the murdered Shaik, was off the Persian coast of the Gulf with a fleet of native craft. He had placed himself in communication with Colonel Pelly and Captain Douglas and was ready to co-operate in the work of his restoration. The gunboats were, therefore, brought to a point off the southern horns of Maharag, thus covering the crossing of Esan and threatening the chief who still lingered on the shores of Bahrein. This was the final stroke in the excellent dispositions made by the British leaders. Esan crossed over, arriving on the 2nd of December. He saw the Resident and the naval commander, learned from them the conditions of his restoration, and was duly impressed with his responsibilities. The inhabitants of the island were eager to give him a welcome, and Captain Douglas records that he was "received with much cheering." Thus the objects of the Government were obtained; the pirates were captured and peace was restored. We may assume that no political engagements of any sort were entered into, and that Esau b

THE BOMBAY GA...

...he Shipping Master's office are not unfrequent, and a rather aggravated specimen was disposed of by Mr. Connon in the Fort Police Court on Wednesday. Captain Cocke, of the "William Stuart," brought a charge of assault against J. Welsh, lately a second mate of his ship. It seemed that the Captain had gone to the Shipping Master's office to discharge the defendant, and that he had refused to give him a character. As he was coming out of the office, defendant struck out and his ... captain below his eye, and then in a scuffle which ensued among the sailors present the captain's guard was crushed at and broken, the stud being lost but the watch remaining in the pocket. Defendant stated by the Magistrate that he had wished to get a certificate of ability, he did not care for that of conduct. He had nothing to do with the grab at the watch, and would like to hear some legal proof of the assault. The fact of the matter was, added the defendant (a Yankee), that his pecuniary condition alone prevented him from suing the captain in a higher court for defamation of character. The defendant was fined Rs. 5, and as he said he was unable to pay that, he was sent to prison.

MR. MENIET, Optician, has returned to Bombay and may be consulted at Pallonjee's Adelphi Hotel. His stay will terminate on the 10th instant.

TELEGRAPH LINE REPORTS.

KURRACHEE, 6th January 1870.—Cable communication perfect to Fao; Turkish line interrupted beyond Fao; Persian line interrupted beyond Ispahan. Latest dates from Great Britain *via* Turkey 3rd January 3-45 P.M., *via* Russia 2nd January 2 A.M., 22nd December 5 P.M.

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH.

THE following dates of private telegrams were received at the Bombay Telegraph Office during the 24 hours ending at 8 o'clock yesterday evening:—

United Kingdom, via Turkey, 1st January 1870.
United Kingdom, via Russia, 17th December 1869.
Continent of Europe, via Turkey, 1st January 1870.
From Alexandria, 1st January 1870.

The time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay from 8 P.M. of the 5th to 8 P.M. of the 6th January is as follows:—

To Bombay	Max.	Min.
From Kurrachee	19 25	0 1
,, Calcutta	9 35	22 0
,, Madras	6 40	1 30

Communication between Bombay and Kurrachee perfect.

Undelivered messages in the Bombay Signal Office—
Dellal Ela, from Calicut.
Jacob Vessy, from Cochin.
Rachapa Eunnoor, from Vingorla.
Jeynarain Fuseram, Bholusurs Chuckla, from Jeypore.
Mr. Francis Pereira, Villa Byculla, from Cochin.

PASSENGERS HOMEWARD BOUND.

THE following passengers were to sail from Calcutta by s. s. Deccan, on the 4th instant:—

For Madras—Mr N S Symons, Mrs Morison and family, Col. and Mrs Walter, the Hon'ble G N Gajapatie Row and lady, daughter and infant, Mr W Oldham.
For Suez—Col and Mrs W Q Pogson, and Mr H Green, junior.
For Marseilles—Mrs Carruthers, Mrs Tonnerre, Mr and Mr. Banister, Mrs and 3 Misses Fraser, Capt and Mrs R Money and family, Mr E Barron, Mrs Kunnely, and Mr and Mrs Dallas
For Southampton—Mrs Handford and family, Mr R Jaffray, Mrs Evans, Lieut Eyres, R N, Miss Mary Deacon, Mr J Wilkinson Mr Graham, 2 infants and ayah, Mr John Cabban and Mr J C Mannock.

REGIMENTAL QUARTERMASTERS.

THE following letter is from the Secretary to the Government of India to the Controller of Military Accounts, Calcutta, and dated the 27th March 1865:—

"With reference to your letter No. 1499A of the 8th inst., I am desired to acquaint you that as no office allowance is sanctioned for Quartermasters, none can be passed in the case of Captain ——, who of course receives the contract allowances for tents; but in the case of a superior officer acting in the appointment of Quartermaster, in the absence of an available junior officer, he may be allowed the forfeited portion, if any, of ... salary, as no office allowance is attached to the appointment. This is the only case in which such an arrangement is necessary, as wing or squadron officers ... for other wing or squadron officers draw the squadron or wing allowances, and senior officers acting as Adjutants receive the authorized office allowance."

SMALL CAUSE COURT.—6TH JANUARY.

(Before J. O'Linell, Esq.)

WISHWANATH N. MANDLICK VS. SAKHARAM JANARDHAN RANADE.

THE suit was to recover Rs. 533-13-0, amount of a promissory note passed by defendant to plantiff dated 17th October 1869. Mr. Gunputrao, pleader, appeared for plaintiff; the defendant in person. The claim having been admitted, the court gave verdict for plaintiff for the full amount and costs.

JOHN GEARY, MASTER OF THE BARQUE JOHN AND MARY, VS. HOSSENBHOY GOOLAM HOSSEN & CO.

THE action was brought to recover Rs. 2,120, being the balance of freight for the carriage of certain goods from Penang to Bombay in plaintiff's vessel. The plaintiff abandoned the excess with a view to bring the case within the jurisdiction of the Court. Mr. Hormusjee Dadabhoy, Vakil, appeared for defendant. The plaintiff not being present in Court, the judge struck off the case, and certified defendant's advocate's costs Rs. 34. Mr. Cleary, Solicitor, appeared in Court in the course of the day, and applied for an immediate summons on behalf of the plaintiff. He stated that he attended the Court before 11 o'clock, and seeing that the case was at the bottom of the list, he left it for a while. While he was absent the case was called on, and Captain Gaury not being present it was struck off the list. He had left the Court under the impression that the case would not be called on till the middle of the day, and he (Mr. Cleary) regretted that he himself was to be blamed in the matter. He thought that under the circumstances mentioned by him the learned advocate on the other side would not raise any objection. Mr. Hormusjee said he had nothing to say in the matter. The Judge remarked that it was plaintiff's own fault that he was not present in Court when the case was called on, and he must therefore refuse the application. Mr. Cleary said that his client would file an action against the defendant in the High Court to recover the amount.

FORT POLICE COURT.—6TH JANUARY.

(Before JOHN CONNON, Esq.)

TAKING PROPERTY FROM A CHILD.—Baloo Gunnoo, a shopkeeper, was charged with taking property from a child, apparently under fourteen years, in pawn, pledge, or security, for a sum of money lent or advanced, without the knowledge or consent of the owner. The defendant pleaded ignorance of the law and was fined half a rupee.

ASSAULT.—Issub Mahomed and Shaik Hoossein were charged with assaulting Balla Buckajee, by throwing him into the water from a boat at the Boree Bunder, and destroying his clothes of the value of two rupees. The defendants were adjudged guilty and fined Rs. 2-8 each, two rupees out of the fine to go to the complainant.

GIRGAUM POLICE COURT.—6TH JANUARY.

(Before R. H. SHOWELL, Esq.)

THEFTS.—Nurseo Ashana was charged with stealing a quantity of rope, value Rs. 10, belonging to Vullubdass Khemjee, and was sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment. Hussoo Alli, a cabasee, was charged with stealing copper and brass vessels, the property of Nuttoo Jetha, and was on conviction sentenced to be imprisoned for fourteen days. Sulliman Alli and Ismael Jumaall were charged with stealing two metal wristlets, belonging to Nooran, woman. The first prisoner was discharged. The second prisoner was convicted and sentenced to seven days' hard labour.

ASSAULT.—Luxmon, policeman No. 21, was charged with assaulting Ameeroodeen Tyabjee and with using towards him abusive, threatening, insulting, or indecent words, with intent to provoke a breach of the peace. From the evidence it appeared that the complainant went to the Grant Road station on the 21st ult. to see some friends off by the train that was to start that morning. The defendant objected to a man with a third-class ticket entering by a particular gate and pushed him back. The complainant interfered and asked that, as the man was already ... might be allowed to remain. The defendant would not agree and told the complainant to leave the place. Complainant wanted to go and complain to the station master, upon which the defendant caught him by the collar and used abusive language towards him. Complainant went home and sent a notice to the station master; the latter in reply furnished the name and number of the defendant. The defendant was adjudged guilty and fined two rupees.

BOMBAY.

THE Band of the 1-2nd Queen's will not play this evening at the Colaba Bandstand.

THE FEMALE NORMAL SCHOOL.—The *Jam-i-Jamshed* learns that Mr. Eduljee Jamsetjee Khori has been appointed Interpreter in the Female Normal School.

THE STRANGERS' HOME.—The Superintendent of the Strangers' Home begs to acknowledge receipt of Rs 50 from Lodge "Star of India," a contribution to the funds of that Institution.

MAILS will be closed at the General Post Office for Persian Abbas, Linga, Bushire and Bussora, per s. s. Mais, to-day at 2 P.M.

HOMEWARD MAIL.—H. M.'s Indian troopship Euphrates sailed yesterday for Suez with the troops for England which we have already reported she would carry.

THE GODWARA DHURUMSALLA.—We are requested to correct an error in a paragraph we had yesterday about the Godwara Dhuramsalla. The dhuramsalla was built at the expense of the Dowager Lady Awabace.

THE NEW THEATRE which is in course of erection at the Grant Road by the Victoria Dramatic Club, will, according to a native paper, be completed by the end of this month.

MR. ROWJEE JEWANJEE, probationary second class inspector of police in the Dharwar district, having passed the prescribed examination, has been confirmed in his appointment.

THE P. & O. Co.'s. STEAMER ORISSA, Captain Anderson, will sail to-day for China with 1572½ chests of Malwa opium, 564 bales of cotton and the following passengers:—For Ceylon—Miss Leigh and a European female servant.

THE S.S. LORD CLYDE, Captain Kingcome, arrived yesterday from Cochin with the following passengers:—From Cochin—Judge Warden, Major Graham, Mr. Cutlear, Mr. Rudge, Mr. Daly, and seventy-five deck passengers.

THE MINT.—The value of silver ready for coinage in the Bombay Mint at the close of last week was Rs. 48,84,413, the value of silver not assayed was Rs. 22,81,000; of the total, Rs. 40,54,000 belonged to the Currency Department.

THE 15th (King's) Hussars left Khundwa on the morning of the 4th instant, under the command of Colonel FitzWygram, *en route* to Mhow. The regiment is expected to reach its destination on or about the 10th instant.—*Poona Observer.*

NASSICK COLLECTORATE.—The weather report of the Nassick collectorate, for the fortnight ending 30th November, informs us that the fall of rain was favourable and the crops were in a flourishing condition. The state of public health was good.

KULLADGHEE COLLECTORATE.—From the weather report of the Kulladghee collectorate, for the fortnight ending 30th November, we see that there was no rain in any of the talookas. The khureef and rubbee crops were doing well. The state of public health was reported to be good.

THE Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that from and after the 1st July 1870, Best's Law of Evidence shall be the Text Book, in substitution of Norton's Law of Evidence, for the Higher Departmental Examination of Junior Civil Servants.—*Bombay Government Gazette.*

THE S.S. SCOTIA, Captain Avern, arrived yesterday from the Malabar Coast and Calcutta with the following passengers:—From Calcutta—Mr. J. P. Saunders, Mr. Fox, Mr. J. B. Stevenson, Mr. W. R. P. Gordon, Mr. J. H. Beazley, Mr. Primrose, Colonel O'Connell, Mr. Best, Mr. Hardcastle, Mr. Bowdry, Driver Rayment, Mr Eduljee Burjorjee, and one hundred and fifteen deck passengers.

RAILWAY OFFENCE.—Yesterday at the Fort Police Court a Borah tradesman, named Tyabally Heptoolajee, was charged before the Chief Magistrate with giving a wrong description of certain goods brought by him to the Boree Bunder station of the G. I. P. Railway Company, with intent to defraud the Company of Rs. 18-1-3. The defendant pleaded guilty and was fined twenty rupees.

MORTUARY RETURNS.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ending Tuesday, 4th January, was 316, being an increase of 6 as compared with the preceding week, 1 more than the total of the week ending 5th January 1869, and 63 less than the mean of the corresponding period in the previous five years. During the week 67 births were reported in the different districts of the city.

DISPENSARY AT MOMINABAD.—We learn that the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of a medical dispensary at Mominabad will be performed on Saturday the 15th instant by Mr. G. W. Elliott, Collector and Magistrate of Kaira. It will be erected at the joint expense of the Honourable Messrs. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy and Munguldas Nuthoobhoy, in commemoration of the name of Bae Manecbae, the late wife of the former gentleman.

INQUEST.—A Coroner's inquest was held on Wednesday at the Apollo Bunder on the body of Joseph Rutland, a seaman of the barque Anazi, who was drowned on the 3rd instant. It appears that the deceased on coming alongside the ship in a gig tried to catch hold of the gangway ladder with a bill-hook, and in doing so overbalanced himself and fell into the sea. An attempt was made to save him but to no avail. Verdict—The deceased was accidentally drowned by falling overboard from a boat.

WITH reference to G. G. O. No. 395 of 1869, in continuation of paras. 4 and 12, punkhas and tatties are allowed at the stations specified in the margin. [Punkhas—Deolalee; Kurrachee, hospitals only; Poona, hospitals only. Tatties—Deolalee; Indore; Poona, hospitals only.] In substitution of para. 30 of the same order, which is cancelled, read—"The bamboos of old tatties must be carefully preserved for use during the ensuing season, as well as the naunds and dolchies. The old khuskus should be stripped off tatties of this pattern, and destroyed after the 1st of August, provided the rains may be fairly set in by that date."—*Bombay Government Gazette.*

SUICIDE BY A LUNATIC.—Dr. Hewlett held an inquest yesterday at the Lunatic Asylum, Colaba, concerning the death of Nowrojee Merwanjee. Deceased had been ... for the last year and a half, and was sent to the Asylum in March last. On Wednesday night about 9 o'clock he was seen alive in his room. Yesterday morning about 7 o'clock a warder reported to one of the overseers that Nowrojee was dead, having hanged himself. The overseer immediately went to the room and saw the deceased hanging by his neck from a staple in the door frame. He was quite dead. The overseer reported the matter to Dr. Niven, Superintendent of the Asylum. The jury came to the conclusion that the deceased had committed suicide by hanging himself whilst of unsound mind.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Governor in Council is pleased to publish, for general information, the ruling given by the Government of India in 1867 on the subject of bands for native corps:—An allowance is granted for all bands which have been already established under authority, but their establishment and maintenance in native corps on the new organization, in which they do not already exist, has been prohibited. Where bands already exist, the donations and subscriptions under the old rules continue compulsory. These at least should be paid, with such addition as the officers may find necessary for the maintenance of the bands. With the permission of Government, bands already established may be broken up when such a course is desired.—*Bombay Government Gazette.*

THE DUTIES OF THE SHIPPING MASTER'S OFFICE.—Complaints as to the conduct of the crowd of sailors about

CHRISTMAS FETE AT BYCULLA SCHOOLS.

THE Christmas treat given to the children in the Byculla Schools came off on Wednesday. The drill shed of the boys' school was excellently lit up and neatly hung with flags of all nations and houses, whilst at one end were placed two tempting Christmas trees, the space around being finely decorated and illuminated by several devices with gas. A long table down the centre of the shed was heavily laden with the tea and "goodies":—If it did "groan," as well spread tables are often said to do, it had at least every excuse for so doing. After the entrance of the visitors, the girls and boys were marched into the room and, all being seated and grace said, the viands were attacked. We don't know whether the girls cared for the pleased looks of the visitors but we think the boys cared not—they went in for enjoying themselves, and in that they seemed to succeed, whilst all behaved very well. After tea, accompanied by fruit and others of the good things of this life, wine—hear this, Oh, ye teetotallers—was served, and then the feasting was closed. Next, the table was cleared, the boys and girls formed line at the end of the hall and then the Christmas trees were attacked. One was laden with gifts for the girls, the other with presents for the boys. The Hon'ble Mr. Campbell was not present, but Mrs. Campbell was, and she presented the presents from the former tree whilst several officers and other gentlemen made themselves useful in the work. Dolls formed, of course, a leading feature on this side, but then there were other presents of a useful character (not to say that a doll isn't useful); and some of them made one wonder how they could have been got from the sum given by the subscribers (Rs. 1,000) to provide the trees and the fireworks, besides the tea for about 250 children. Mr. and Miss Sassoon distributed the ornaments of what we must call the boys' tree, and which also bore useful articles as well as fancy wares. A happy time that of distributing ... presents; and the scene was eagerly watched by many little visitors and by many a big one too. This closed the in-door proceedings and then all adjourned to the outside, where a capital display of excellent fireworks was exhibited. The band of H. E. the Governor was on the ground, and, as in the course of the in-door part of the entertainment, enlivened the time by several selections of music. Such was the Christmas treat at the Byculla Schools. It seemed highly pleasing to the children, it was most interesting to the spectators, and Mr. Walters, the head master, Mrs. Walters, and the other members of the establishment, deserve every congratulation on the satisfactory completion of their arrangements.

FRERE LAND AND PIER COMPANY.

AN extraordinary meeting of the shareholders of the Frere Land and Pier Company (Limited), was held on Wednesday afternoon for the purpose of confirming the resolutions passed at the meeting held on the 11th December. Mr. M. De Quadros was called to the chair.

The first resolution was as to payment of Rs. 18,000, to Mr. Muncherjee Nowrojee Bannajee, Secretary and Treasurer of the Company. On the motion of Mr. Motiram Buggoobhoy, seconded by Mr. Muncherjee Cowasjee, that was confirmed.

Mr. Pestonjee Dhunjeebhoy Coorlawalla then moved, and Mr. Odhowjee Bhimjee seconded a motion to confirm the resolution that clause 100 of the Articles of Association of the company be cancelled.

Mr. Framjee Sorabjee Baroocha here said.—The report by the directors is very abrupt, whereas the Secretary's address to the meeting is suggestive of "something rotten in the state of Denmark," leaving the shareholders to guess what is the unpleasantness he alludes to. Certainly this amounts to a connivance on the one part, and a compromise on the other; and the sum total is the trifling with shareholders' interest. It is a dexterous game played under the mask of legality in order to justify the present movement. The other day I opposed, and I think it my duty to oppose also to-day, the present movement—I mean the proposition for altering the 100th Clause of the Deed as it now stands, with a view to facilitate the intended transfer, and complete the game. I say I oppose this proposition on principles and justice, actuated with the motives of doing service to those shareholders who are lovers of truth and justice. If I am outnumbered, as I apprehend I shall be, I want to have my protest entered in the minutes of the last and present proceedings, expressing my utter condemnation of the proposed measure which I consider to be sinisterighted and selfish, and which the directors, regardless of the shareholders' interest, appear to have connived at, and ... which the retired Secretary is advised to drop a curtain, although he is confident of his superior strength to defeat the plot. Will the directors be good enough to inform the shareholders what, and between whom, is the unpleasantness the Secretary alludes to?—whether the unpleasantness is of a public ... private nature? What has that to do with the ... Colonists and the object of their requisition ... directors perceive the necessity of a change in the management? If they did, why have they not declared it openly? But if they did not see such necessity, why have they not expressed their regret at the conduct of the requisitionists, and recorded their dissent against the proposed course? And notwithstanding all that, if they perceived the shareholders to be inattentive and obstinate, they ought to have, for their own honour, resigned their respective posts. But why—I am mistaken to go to that length; for as I said in the beginning the directors' report is very abrupt, and there is not a whisper about the unpleasantness. I therefore take this opportunity to ask them as a body to throw off the veil of darkness, and inform the shareholders what is really the matter. Is the prevailing report true that one of your colleagues, Mr. Cursetjee Nusserjee Cama, is the parent of the present movement, and plays behind the curtain? Messrs. Sir Charles Forbes & Co., who are to be the successors of Mr. Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee must take a due warning from the Board they are to deal with. To-day, Mr. Muncherjee is usurped of his just rights; to-morrow Messrs. Forbes might be deprived of their power. Of course, Messrs. Forbes would not care for such power; but the question is, who suffers in the end? None but the shareholders, who are victimized by such mean and selfish plots and games. I therefore request the directors not to keep the shareholders in darkness and ignorance about the origin and history of the unpleasantness, over which the Secretary is advised to drop a veil; but to throw light upon the subject, and to ask the shareholders to decide the question independently for themselves. "Better late than never." We have not yet struck the final blow. We may, therefore, thoroughly enquire into the matter, and adopt such measures as our enquiries may warrant us to take. If any director or directors prove unworthy of the post, let them be dismissed and disgraced; and let us re-elect Mr. Muncherjee as Secretary and Treasurer of our Company on the terms and conditions of the 100th Clause, if we are reasonably justified, as every right thinking man in this room will, I doubt not, consider it right to do so. In order to carry out this object, let a competent committee of shareholders be appointed, and in the meantime adjourn this meeting for at least a month, appointing Mr. Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee, Secretary and Treasurer *pro tem.* Gentlemen, we had a perfect trial of Mr. Muncherjee, who has successfully achieved what the wealthy directors were unable to accomplish. He coped with surrounding difficulties and impending dangers, when the treasury was empty. Now that he has the necessary means and ample time at his command, is it possible for us to imagine that he would not be equally assiduous in directing his energies in the right way, and render the property a paying concern. It would be a sort of ingratitude on the part of shareholders, if they did not give him a fair trial for developing the resources of the property. I myself would not be ungrateful to Mr. Muncherjee; for I know how he was circumstanced; and if Mr. Culliandass Mohundass, more intimately known by the name of Killy Sett, had lived to witness these proceedings, he would have explained to you what difficulties were experienced in cutting the "Gordian knot" of the first company; and now that Mr. Muncherjee has ... company, he has large claims upon our gratitude, which should be acknowledged not only by voting to him the sum of Rs. 18,000 as we have just now done, and which amount Mr. Kessowjee Naik publicly declared to be inadequate for his services, but by also requesting him to resume his post on his former salary.

The Chairman expressed his regret that none of the directors were present to answer the questions put by Mr. Framjee Sorabjee Barocha, but said that they would doubtless do so at the general meeting; in the meantime the protest should be recorded.

Mr. Pestonjee's motion was than carried.

On the motion of Mr. Pestonjee Dhunjeebhoy Coorlawalla, seconded by Mr. Motiram Buggoobhoy, it was then agreed to confirm the resolution appointing Messrs. Sir Charles Forbes and Co. as secretaries and treasurers of the company, with the general management of the business of the company subject to the control of, and under the direction of, the Board of directors.

Mr. Motiram Buggoobhoy then moved, and Mr. Eduljee Pestonjee seconded a motion confirming the resolution as to the remuneration of the secretaries and treasurers.

This was at once carried, Mr. Framjee requesting of the directors that there should be no change in the *personnel* of the company's establishment, when it was transferred to Messrs. Sir Charles Forbes and Co.'s office.

The proceedings then closed with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE.

THE annual presentation of scholarships to the successful students at the Grant Medical College took place at that institution on Wednesday afternoon. There was a good attendance of gentlemen interested in the proceedings: and the Hon'ble Mr. Tucker presided.

The Principal of the College (Dr. Hunter) opened the business by reading his annual report, which was as follows:—

NUMBER OF STUDENTS.

During the past year 1868-69 on which I have the honour to report there have been 143 students under instruction, of whom 44 belonged to the primary class, 49 to the hospital apprentices' class, and 50 were vernacular pupils.

RESULT OF EXAMINATIONS.

University Examinations for the L. M. Degree.—Eleven students were qualified to stand for the first examination; nine however only went up, two being prevented from presenting themselves by ill health. Five succeeded in passing the examination, one in the first, and four in the second division. Three out of the five successful candidates had only been under instruction for 20 months, or in other words had kept only four terms in College, instead of six as customary, and is the lowest period qualifying for admission to the examination recognised by the University of Bombay. The following are the names of the successful students:—1st Division.—Tribhuwandas Motichund Shah. 2nd Division.—R. Bedford, Shantaram Venayak Kumtuk, Kassum Virjee Patel, and D. B. Valles. Tribhuwandas Motichund Shah, whose name heads the list, is the second student from this College who has succeeded in passing in the First Division after the restricted period of study above referred to. One of the unsuccessful candidates had in a former occasion failed to satisfy the examiners, two had kept six terms in College, and one but four. I expected the last student would have passed, and thought there was some probability also of one of the others succeeding. On the whole, the results of the examination may be considered as satisfactory and certainly creditable to the training pursued in the College. For the second examination, I grieve much to state this College was unable to send up a candidate, there not being a student of sufficient standing to present himself, and were it not that a steady and increasing reflax of prosperity has set in during the last three or four years, the year 1869 might have been inscribed on the College records as our *annus tristis.*

Final Examination of Hospital Apprentices.—Five students of this class underwent the examination for the grade of assistant apothecary before the Principal and Professors of the College, and were found qualified; viz., E. R. Freeman, J. Menezes, A. P. Fernandez, C. Pereira, P. Barretto.

Final Examination of Pupils of the Vernacular Class.—Eleven candidates were examined by the teachers of the vernacular class, superintended by the Principal, and found qualified viz.:—Harree Ragoonath Baput, Bhasker Sitaram Joscy, Balcrustna Harree Kolaporker, Chintamon Bullal Kelker, Luxamon Anunt Sulay, Anandrao Mucceond Trilokaker, Ballajee Sunday, general No. 485, Moro Ragoonath, general No. 5, Kessen Harree Bamb, Ramcrustna Tatia Pawaker, Abbajee Bappoojee Scinday. Nine of these lads have entered the Medical Subordinate Department of Government as hospital assistants, and two have embarked in private practice.

Examination of Assistant Apothecary Visram Ramjee Gollay, for promotion to the grade of Sub-Assistant Surgeon.—In the order of Government of India, No. 550, dated 5th June 1868, on the reorganization of the Subordinate Medical Department, para 46, it is stated—"In order to afford senior members of the apothecary class of undoubted ability and good character an opening to further advancement, a limited number of assistant apothecaries after having served five years in that grade may, if they are specially recommended as likely to profit by the measure, be allowed to attend the Medical College for a further period not exceeding two years, to qualify themselves for the grade of sub-assistant surgeon. On appointment to that grade they will be struck off the establishment of the hospital class, and join the civil body of sub-assistant surgeons under the usual conditions." In accordance with the above, Assistant Apothecary Visram Ramjee Gollay was permitted to join the College on the opening of the winter session in 1868. The extensive practical experience acquired by him in the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital, during the many years he was attached to it as assistant apothecary, combined with much natural ability, enabled him ten months subsequently to pass the necessary examination with great credit, having obtained 106 marks out of a maximum of 110. He is, I believe, the first of his class who has successfully passed through a course of instruction in any of the Indian Medical Colleges under the foregoing rule.

Examination of Sub-Assistant Surgeons for the higher Grades.—Four medical officers belonging to this class were examined by the Professors and found qualified; viz.:—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Shantaram Vittal, L. M., teacher of Chemistry and Materia Medica to vernacular class G. M. College: Sub-Assistant Surgeon Jamsetjee Byramjee, L. M.: Sub-Assistant Surgeon Succaram Arjoon, L.M. teacher of Medicine and Midwifery to vernacular class G. M. College and Sub-Assistant Surgeon Gopal Shewram Vaidya, L.M., teacher of Surgery and Medical Jurisprudence to vernacular class G. M. College. The two first mentioned were eligible by length of service for promotion to the superior grade; the others had recently completed Marathi text books on Medicine and Surgery respectively for the use of the vernacular pupils, and at my suggestion were, with the sanction of the Director or Public Instruction, permitted to present themselves for examination before they had completed the usual period of service in accordance with rule 6 relative to sub-assistant surgeons—which states 3rd o. "In the event of a sub-assistant surgeon of the years by great distinguishing himself for a period of fessional duties, and ... in the discharge of his procontributions to medical ... time by making his industry and professional attain... creditable to become eligible for promotion to the ... will grade, without reference to period of service." These several promotions have since been duly gazetted on the recommendation of the Inspector General, Indian Medical Department.

CHANGES IN THE COLLEGE STAFF.

The changes in the *personnel* of the College have this year been unusually numerous. Surgeon A. V. Ward, Professor of Midwifery, and Assistant Surgeon Dymock, Professor of Pathology, have each proceeded to Europe for a period of two years, on medical certificate, and their chairs have been respectively filled by Surgeon Rogers and Assistant Surgeon Arnott, M.D. In April Dr. McKenzie, M.B., Professor of Surgery and Dental Surgery, obtained a medical certificate to Europe for 18 months and has been succeeded by Assistant Surgeon W. Gray, Professor of Anatomy and Curator of the Museum. The appointment thus temporarily vacated by Professor Gray has been conferred on Assistant Surgeon W. F. Knapp. In July Mr. Narayan Dajee, G.G.M.C., was appointed Professor of Materia Medica, on the departure of Dr. Sidney Smith, M.D., to Europe for six months on sick certificate. D. Young, M.D., has been placed in charge of the chair of Botany in succession to Dr. Birdwood. I would take the opportunity afforded me of calling attention to the appointment of Mr. Narayen Dajee to the primary staff of the College, and of congratulating him in being the first native gentleman who has succeeded in winning his way to this honourable distinction. I would also beg to offer him my thanks for the able, efficient, and zealous manner in which he has carried out the duties entrusted to him.

SCHOLARSHIPS AWARDED.

The following scholarships have been awarded to matriculated students:—

Fourth Year.—A Carnac Scholarship of Rs. 25 monthly, for proficiency in conducting the duties of clinical clerk and in knowledge of Practical Medicine and Pathology, to Anna Moreshwur Kunte, B.A. *An Anderson Scholarship* of Rs. 25 monthly, for proficiency in conducting the duties of surgical dresser and in knowledge of Practical Surgery and in Surgical Anatomy, to J. A. DeGama. *A Farish Scholarship* of Rs. 25 monthly, for proficiency in the principles and practice of Medicine and Surgery, to Surupbai Balaokram Shirbastan. *A Reid Scholarship* of Rs. 15 monthly, for proficiency in Midwifery, to Balwant Gopal Blaste.

Third Year Students.—A Farish Scholarship of Rs. 20 monthly for proficiency in Anatomy, including Practical Anatomy, to Tribhowandas Motichand Shah. *A Carnac Scholarship* of Rs. 15 monthly, for proficiency in Physiology, to Shantaram Venayak Kantak. *A Farish Scholarship* of Rs. 15 monthly, for proficiency in Materia Medica and Practical Pharmacy, to D. B. Valles. *A Reid Scholarship* of Rs. 15 monthly, for proficiency in Chemistry, to Kassum Verjee Patel.

Second Year Students.—An Anderson Scholarship of Rs. 15 monthly, for proficiency in Anatomy and Practical Anatomy, to Homasjee Dadabhoy Masain. *An Anderson Scholarship* of Rs. 15 monthly, for proficiency in Chemistry, theoretical and practical, to Nassarwanjee Nowrosjee Khambata. *A Farish Scholarship* of Rs. 14 monthly, for proficiency in Materia Medica and Practical Pharmacy, to T. C. D. Sequira. *A Carnac Scholarship* of Rs. 13 monthly, for proficiency in Practical Chemistry, to Dossabhoy Burjorjee Kaudavala. *An Anderson Scholarship* of Rs. 15 monthly, for proficiency in Practical Chemistry, to A. M. De Souza. *A Carnac Scholarship* of Rs. 13 monthly, for proficiency in Physiology, to Rajaram Ramchrishna Bhagvat.

First Year Students.—Government Scholarship of Rs. 10 monthly, for proficiency in Anatomy, to J. V. Coutinho. *Government Scholarship* of Rs. 10 monthly, for proficiency in Materia Medica and Practical Pharmacy, to Bhachundra Cristna Bhatvadakar. *Government Scholarship* of Rs. 10 monthly, for proficiency in Chemistry, to J. Pereira. *Government Scholarship* of Rs. 10 monthly, for proficiency in Botany, to Krishnajee Gopal Patak. *Government Scholarship* of Rs. 10 monthly, for proficiency in the subjects of study during the sessions, to N. S. DeCosta.

To the Vernacular Class; Second Year Students.—The Jaggonnath Sunkersett Scholarship of Rs. 10 monthly, tenable for ten months, for proficiency in the subjects of study during the session, to Vistul Bhicajee Nancy. *The Jaggonnath Sunkersett Scholarship* of Rs. 10 monthly, tenable for ten months, for proficiency in Physiology and Materia Medica, to Shreedhur Balwant Baput.

To the Vernacular Class; First Year Students.—The Jaggonnath Sunkersett Scholarship of Rs. 5 monthly, tenable for ten months, for proficiency in Anatomy and Chemistry, to Shreenivas Ragoovendra Hucholey.

MEDALS AWARDED.

The medals for the hospital apprentices class have been awarded as follows:—*Buchee Medal.*—The Buchee Medal to 3rd year Hospital Apprentice E. R. Freeman. *McLennan Medal.*—The McLennan Medal, to 1st year Hospital Apprentice F. C. D. Souza.

SIR JAMSETJEE JEJEEBHOY MEDICAL BOOK FUND.

The interest of this book fund, amounting to Rs. 626-12, has been distributed among the matriculated

The Acting ... has been ... "36 specimens have been ... well as four complete skeletons to the ... Series." As I reported last year want of space precludes any extensive additions being made in this direction.

THE LIBRARY.

The collection has been enriched by sixty additional volumes, and I expect shortly to receive a further supply of the value of Rs. 2,000, and which will make the library a highly important and valuable department of the College. In consequence of the insolvency of the firm to which the orders were transmitted, considerable delay has occurred in the receipt of the books. A catalogue is much needed and is in course of preparation.

THE MATERIA MEDICA COLLECTION.

The collection has received further additions, as many in fact as the limited space at my disposal will admit of. The collection, though much improved during the last two years, is scarcely creditable to the institution.

PROGRESS OF THE COLLEGE, AND GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.

In my last report, "I stated I looked hopefully forward to the time when the vernacular class would be largely increased,"—this anticipation is, I am gratified to think, in a fair way of being realized. Government, on the recommendation of the Director of Public Instruction, have sanctioned considerable extensions to it, and have further resolved to institute a Guzerati class, and thus bring within reach of the poorer population of Guzerat a set of men educated in the science and art of medicine as practised among European nations. No sooner was the resolution of Government made known, than Mr. Cowasjee Jehanghier, C.S.I., with his usual philanthropic spirit, at once offered a sum of Rs. 2,500 in Government 5 per cent. promissory notes, for the purpose of endowing a scholarship of the value of Rs. 10 per mensem. Other leading native gentlemen responded to the call in a similar manner, viz.:—The Hon'ble Mr. Mungaldas Nathoobhoy, Rs. 3,000; the Hon'ble Mr. Byramjee Jejeebhoy, Rs. 3,000; Kessowjee Naik, Esq., Rs. 3,000; Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Esq., Rs. 500. H. H. the Gackwar of Baroda has also forwarded a contribution of Rs. 2,000 "for general purposes," which, together with the sum of Rs. 500 contributed by Mr. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, has, at my suggestion, been set aside as the nucleus of a book fund, to assist in defraying the cost of such text books as hereafter may be prepared for the use of the class. I sincerely trust the Government of India may regard this scheme with favour, and that the class may be in thorough working order during the current year. No little disappointment was recently occasioned to several candidates who had come to the presidency on the understanding that the class had already been established. At the entrance examination of the Marathi class, held at the end of October last, there were 175 candidates for 22 vacancies, 17 came from the Medical Department, and 158 from the various Anglo-Vernacular schools of the presidency and mofussil; thirty-four were selected, 22 received stipends, and 4 joined as free students. All have a good knowledge of English; in a few instances, scarcely inferior to that of a matriculated student. Monthly stipends, at the rate of Rs. 12, previously granted to a limited number of pupils of this class, have, in accordance with the order of Government of India, No. 550, dated 3rd June 1868, been reduced to Rs. 9 and 10 for those qualified in English during the 1st and 2nd years, and Rs. 7 and 8 for those not qualified in English during the same period. House-rent at the rate of Rs. 4 per mensem, while unprovided with quarters on the College premises, though still continued to vernacular pupils, has been disallowed to medical pupils who are associated with them. In consequence of this decision, nine out of thirteen who joined applied in a body to be permitted to return to the stations from which they had been sent, as the pay was inadequate to their wants at the presidency town, they also withdrew all claims to travelling allowances rather than remain. Considering their plea both reasonable and just, the lads, with the sanction of the Inspector General, Indian Medical Department, were permitted to leave the College. A representation of the circumstances to Government has resulted in a recommendation "that not less than Rs. 10 with free quarters or house-rent and a suit of clothing per annum should be allowed even to a native medical pupil not knowing English during his first year." This decision of Government will also, it is hoped, remove the last barrier which existed to the formation of the medical pupil class. The withdrawal of these nine lads reduced the number receiving instruction through the medium of the Marathi language to 47.

The series of text books for the Marathi vernacular class is being steadily proceeded with. Two (one on Medicine, the other on Surgery,) have, as already mentioned, been completed during the year, and are now in the hands of the students. Those on Midwifery and Jurisprudence are required to complete the series. Their compilation has been entrusted to Messrs. Succaram Arjoon Raut and Gopal Shewram Vaidya, who will, I have little doubt, execute the confidence shown to them as ably as they have already done their works on Medicine and Surgery. The supply of text books on Chemistry and Anatomy (descriptive and general) is running short. New and improved editions are being prepared by Messrs. Shantaram Vittul Sanzgare and Bhicajee Amroot, teachers of the vernacular class, and will, I expect, be ready by the end of the year.

Twenty-five hospital apprentices have recently joined; which, with those that remained, raises the number at present attending to fifty-five. The primary class, consisting of graduates and undergraduates, continues to display rapid growth. Twenty-seven have joined this year, or nearly one-fifth of the total number of successful candidates at the last Matriculation examination of the University. During the past three years, fifty-nine have entered the College, whereas the maximum of any other similar period, since the foundation of the institution, has been forty. It is not only, however, that a steady increase in our numbers has taken place during the last few years, but a marked advanced is noticeable in the attainments of those who have joined. I cannot call to mind a single junior student who is not able to follow with facility the lectures as delivered, but who is not also well fitted to acquire and retain that knowledge, without which teaching is only a vain shadow. In this respect our students form a pleasing contrast to those of the Calcutta Medical College. Dr. Chev

...succour offered by a succession-tax. They go to Abana and Pharpar, and all kinds of out-of-the-way and not always pellucid streams, to wash away the leprosy of deficit—retrenching little sums from little men, rousing pound rancour for penny profit—while the perfectly cleanly and unobjectionable Jordan of a succession duty rolls despised at their feet—*Pioneer*.

THE ABSURDITY OF LEGAL OBLIGATIONS.

"BRUTE FORCE" writes as follows to the *Pioneer*:—

Sir,—Why does not Government repudiate the contract with the P. and O. Company, as has been done in the case of the agreements with the Civil Service? Is it from fear of the law? Could not minority, or imbecility, or some such plea, be set up? or could not the new Legal Member of Council make some loophole by which Government could slip out of the contract? The first vacant Lieutenant-Governorship would be a cheap bribe to induce him to employ his utmost skill. What a shame it is that the law should interfere to thwart noble schemes of reformation! How discouraging it must be to our anxious administrators to have to content themselves with dirty little dribbets from the furlough allowances of hard-up Assistant Magistrates, and to be compelled to keep their hands off so tempting a spoil as the P. and O. Company? The law ought to be compelled to abdicate its throne, and instead of the pay of the Magistrates being reduced, they should get no pay at all. For with a Government so vigorous as ours, if there were no law there would be no deficits.

A SUPERCILIOUS DEPARTMENT.

ABUSING complaints are made of the discourtesy which at present characterises the Adjutant General's Department (Bengal.) A Colonel in command of a regiment being good-naturedly disposed to support an application for leave sent in by one of his officers, endeavoured to prove from the rules of the service that the indulgence sought for was almost a right. The reply from Head Quarters was to the effect that he did not understand his own language, and would do well to study it by a more careful perusal of the rules. Another Colonel, having respectfully remonstrated against the unjustifiable interference of the Adjutant General's Office with the interior economy of his regiment, was charged with impertinence and told that he ought to know better. A field officer, again, having ventured to make some inquiries touching his promotion, was informed that the Adjutant General's Office was not intended to interpret Government Orders, which must be read as published, without quibbling or even criticism, no matter how far personal interests might be affected. In a fourth instance, an officer having complained of the wrongful treatment he had received, was warned that he would imperil his professional advancement if he made any further representations on the subject.

We have said that these complaints are amusing, but that is hardly the epithet to be applied to them. Gentlemen are entitled to be addressed with respect even though they do not chance to belong to the Adjutant General's Office. It is intolerable that any man should be permitted to abuse an accidental advantage of position, by treating his social equals as if they were composed of an inferior clay. We presume that it is in imitation of the proverbial insolence of the Horse Guards at home, the corresponding department in India has assumed these airs of impertinent superiority, and it is no doubt easier to imitate the lower, than the higher, characteristics of either, individuals or departments. But it is hard to believe that Sir William Mansfield can approve, or even be cognizant of, the discourtesy of his subordinates. His Excellency, we feel assured, would be the first to tell them that a refined, and primand may be conveyed in a gentlemanly tone, and that a mistake is not necessarily an offence worthy to draw upon the head of the delinquent vials of vituperative abuse, long since consigned to calm and to Billingsgate.—*Englishman*, Jan. 3.

RETRENCHMENT.

...India have issued orders to the ... directing that the expenditure on civil administration shall not exceed in 1870-71 the amount of expenditure under the same head in 1868-69, or 1869-70, whichever may be the smallest. They point out that the charges on this account have increased by £1,800,000 in the last ten years. The effect of this order will be to curtail all increases of salary which have been passed since the close of 1867-68, and the order will press heavily upon the judicial and revenue officers.

We cordially approve (writes the *Pioneer*, from which we are quoting) of the efforts that are being made by the Viceroy and his Council to reduce expenditure to a level with actual receipts; but there is some reason for doubt as to the wisdom with which the details of this measure have been arranged. The immediate result of some of the reductions, which must be effected if the budget grants for 1870-71 are not to exceed the expenditure of 1868-69 or 1869-70 (whichever may be the lowest) under the same heads, will be a positive loss of revenue to Government in the Settlement Department; while if the pay of the subordinate judicial establishment is reduced without a corresponding reduction throughout the superior ranks of the judiciary, a dangerous spirit of hostility will be excited amongst a class whose latent ill-will is more to be deprecated than their expressed enmity. If a reduction of official pay is to be effected with success, it must affect all ranks and must not work exceptionally. We believe that when the results of the resolution of Government have been fully considered, though the Government may still very correctly insist on the reduction of expenditure on civil administration directed in their resolutions of the 28th ultimo, they will hardly ... of any exceptional retrenchment from the salaries of minor officials, but will press the reduction equally throughout the services both covenanted and uncovenanted.

Whether the determination to curtail expenditure to the extent announced upon settlement operations will be adhered to or not, we are unable to predict. Probably local Governments will be permitted to continue those operations which they can prove to result in immediate pecuniary profit. In any event it is specially incumbent on the local administrations to re-arrange their proposals for expenditure, and in this province we would call the attention of the Board and the Lieutenant-Governor to the very high cost of the supervising establishment as compared with the working establishment under the head of Settlement. In 1866-67 this would appear to have been £15,251, merely as pay for settlement officers and their assistants, against £33,173 on all other accounts under this head. We believe the proportion has not altered in favour of the working establishment since that year, but that if any variation has occurred it has taken the shape only of further increase in the charge for superintendence. It would be as well if the Imperial Government were to examine the charges for revenue departments generally, with reference to the large amount expended on the higher offices, compared with the charges for the real working staff, the collectors and their assistants. It is said, we know not with what truth, that the pay of the district officers in these Provinces is to be reduced. *Prima facie* there would certainly seem to be no reason for granting larger pay to collectors in Bombay, Madras or the N. W. Provinces than is found sufficient for district officers in Bengal and the large districts of the Non-Regulation Provinces. But if the district officer's salary is capable of reduction, there can be no question that the superior administrative appointments, the Board and the Commissionerships will still more easily bear retrenchment. Indeed in reason either the Board or the Commissioners should disappear. If the latter cannot perform their work without the supervision of the former, they are useless. If they can efficiently discharge the business of their offices without the supervision of the Board, then the Board is an excrescence which should be lopped. The existence of both Commissioner and Board is an anomaly, and what was originally but a temporary arrangement should now come to a close.

INDIAN ITEMS.

THE Maharajah Scindiah left Calcutta at 4 A.M. on Sunday, Janv. 2, by express train for Gwalior.

THE 58th Regiment will leave Allahabad for Seakote in two divisions—the first on Saturday, and the second on Sunday next.—*Pioneer*, Jan. 4.

HOMŒOPATHY certainly seems to be making good its footing in India. A Dispensary on that theory has just been established at Agra. This makes, we believe, the fourth Homœopathic Dispensary within those Provinces alone.—*Ibid.*

CAPTAIN W. S. A. LOCKHART, whose noble exploit at Morar we lately chronicled, is appointed Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General on the establishment, vice Major W. W. Knollys, who is about to proceed with his regiment, the 93rd Foot, to England.—*Ibid.*

IMPORTANT SHIPPING CASE.

A case of considerable importance to the shipping interest was heard before the Truro county Magistrate on Thursday morning Nov. 25. Mr. Griffith Jones master of the British ship Glendower, appeared in answer to the summons of Thomas Pell, a coloured seaman, who claimed £36.10s. for wages due to him as third mate of the vessel on the homeward voyage from Callao to Restrouguet, in the port of Truro. The plaintiff shipped at Liverpool as boatswain, at £3 15s. per month, and at Aden the defendant, Captain Jones, appointed him third mate, at the advanced wages of £5 per month. On paying off the crew, however, he refused to give the plaintiff more than the wages originally contracted for, which left a deficiency of £16 10s. on the second hiring. Plaintiff refused to accept the sum tendered, and sought to recover the larger amount. The captain's account of the transaction was that he lost his first mate at Aden, upon which he found himself with a miscellaneous crew, some of whom were coloured men, in whom he had no confidence. He thought to conciliate them by an advance. By the plaintiff, who appeared to be their leader, to the post of third mate; but, having done this under the compulsion of fear, he did not consider himself bound to perform his promise when the circumstances under which it was made no longer existed. It appeared that which it was made no longer existed. It appeared that when the promise of advance was made to the plaintiff, the captain made the following entry in the ship's articles:—"November 3, 1868,—Thomas Pell advanced this day to third mate; wages, £5 per month." Mr. Marrack, solicitor, who appeared for the defendant now submitted that this entry was null and void, inasmuch as it had not been properly attested as required by the 163rd section of the Merchant Shipping Act. This section provides that all alterations of a ship's articles made out of Her Majesty's dominions shall be attested by a British Consular officer, or if no such officer, by two respectable British merchants. As in the present case no such attestation had been made, the magistrates had no other course open than to dismiss the summons. The Bench suggested that under the circumstances they had better refer the matter to the Board of Trade. However, neither the plaintiff nor defendant would agree to this course, and the matter was ultimately left to the magistrates as arbitrators, apart from their judicial capacity. The magistrates accordingly made their award, giving the plaintiff two-thirds of the extra amount claimed for wages as third mate.—*The Times.*

FROM the days of Theophrastus to those of Lavater, physiognomy has been a study that has commended itself to the philosopher no less than to the artist. But, doubtless, there are few of us who would consider ourselves such contemptible observers of human nature, as not to be able to discriminate our neighbour's faculties and dispositions merely from the study of the external symbols of his face and expression. Yet, if we are given, a book of photographic portraits of persons unknown to us and are told to give a rough description to their characters from the mere observation of their pictured likenesses, what absurd mistakes should we make. Perhaps we should not approach to a correct delineation in one case out of ten; and our diagnosis would more frequently be false than correct. Although the proverb tell us, "*Fronti nulla fides*," "You must not hang a man by his looks," yet, in real life, many a murderer may look like an innocent man, and *vice versâ*. For example: the Parisians who have turned the Panin massacre to their own pecuniary profit, have been selling photographs that were alleged to be likenesses, now of Trochu, now of the elder M. Kinck, but which were, in reality, those of Francis Deak, the Hungarian patriot. And, if anyone will turn to the patriot's likeness, as given in Once a Week, for July 21, 1866, he will not feel much surprise at Deak's portrait being made to do duty for that of a less virtuous man.—*Once a Week.*

DR. LEITNER AND HIS YARKANDI.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "STANDARD."

SIR,—On the evening of the 30th ult. Dr. Leitner delivered before the Anthropological Society a remarkable discourse, in which he sketched out, as far as time would admit, his important philological and anthropological discoveries in the hitherto inaccessible region of Dardistan, and on its Tibetan frontier.

There was but one feeling among the audience after listening to the modest but eloquent address of Dr. Leitner—one of regret that, owing to his not having been able to procure an extension of his too short leave of absence, not only must we be precluded from hearing him further, on these matters, but what is of vastly greater importance, science may suffer materially through his being unable to carry out in Europe, within reach of good libraries and of the assistance and criticism of other philologists, the arrangement and development of the materials he has collected, including his MS. treasures from Balti.

But their is another matter to which we wish to direct, through you, the attention of the public, especially of that portion of it which is interested in the extension of British commerce into Central Asia. Dr. Lietner has brought with him a native of Yarkand, probably the first of his race who has ever visited Europe. The man is a trader and mechanic, very intelligent and enterprising. He understands besides other languages, Turkish, Persian, and Oordoo, so that no Anglo-Indian need be under any difficulty with him as to interpretation.

According to present arrangements this man will return with Dr. Leitner on the 14th inst, but surely, sir, it would be a grievous pity that such an opportunity as this for the opening up of trade with Central Asia should be almost entirely missed. As small cost this man might be detained in England sufficient long to visit some of our manufacturing centres, to point out such goods as might be suitable for that delicate operation, the first opening out of a new line of commerce and to carry back with him ideas respecting the resources of this country, which may fructify to our benefit in the important though hitherto almost inaccessible, region to which he belongs.

The secretary of the Anthropological Society, at 4, St. Martin's-place, Trafalgar-square, will be happy to put in communication with our Yarkand friend any one desirous of profiting by his visit. But we recommend that whatever is done in the matter be done at once.—We are, Sir, your obedient servants,

JOHN BEDDOE, M.D., Pres. A.S.L.
BERTHOLD SEEMANN, F.A.S.L.

Anthropological Society of London, 4, St. Martin's place, W. C., Dec. 9.

A BELIEVER IN TAILED MEN.

THE clever and eccentric James Burnet, Lord Monboddo, who had witnessed the death of Capt. Porteous, in 1736, and who died in Edinburgh, May 26, 1799, aged 85, was possessed of many whimsical ideas besides that of riding from Edinburgh to London on horseback, because the ancient Greeks did not ride in carriages, and because it was degrading to the dignity of human nature to be dragged at a horse's heels. His best known theory is that advanced in his "Essay on the Origin and Progress of Language,"—the first volume of which, by the way, is believed to have been written by John Hunter, Professor of St. Andrews, who was his secretary—it is, that the primitive man was an ape, born with a tail and deficient of articulate speech. To carry out his theory, he took up the case of Peter the Wild Boy, and, conceiving that in him he had discovered a corroboration of his opinions, he published a full account of him in his "Ancient Metaphysics," placing implicit faith in all the statements made concerning the Wild Boy, by Dean Swift, in his witty piece of satire, "It Never Rains but it Pours." Facts were shaped to suit the Monboddo theory, that as man improved, he gradually extirpated his tail by continual ducking, or that it was lost by what we have since been taught to call the process of natural selection. But Lord Monboddo so believed his own theory, that he was greatly disappointed when Sir Joseph Banks told him that he had failed to find those tailed islanders in the Bay of Bengal, who had been discovered, a hundred and thirty years before, by a mythical Swedish skipper; and he further manifested reliance in his own theory, to watch at the bedroom door whenever a child was born in his house, feeling convinced that the nurse, in deference to the prevailing fashion, would pinch off the tail of the baby. He had a very beautiful daughter, and when, as Lord of the Session, he had a house in St. John's-street, the parties were surrounded, among other notabilities, by the poet Burns, who, when Miss Eliza Burnet died, celebrated her charms of mind and person, in an "Elegy on the late Miss Burnet, of Monboddo." She could not have featured her father, whose face, as shown in the painting by J. Brown, and still more so in the public statue by Kaye, was very much of the nutcracker nut-cracker model. He courteously received Dr. Johnson and Boswell at his "poor old house" of Monboddo; and the latter, in his Hebridean Journal, gives a long account of their conversation with the eccentric and learned judge, who, however, would appear to have taken great delight in giving his favourite theory of human tails. How Lord Monboddo would have rejoiced, could he have obtained reliable evidence of an instance of his theory being an actual fact. Yet such a case has been recently reported to us by the medical journals, which tell us that there was lately brought to M. Gosselin, at the Hôpital de la Charité, an infant five weeks old, bearing at the end of the trunk an appendix five centimètres long, a little thicker than a goose-quill, and slightly tapering at the free end. On examination, M. Gosselin found it to be soft, and apparently not a prolongation of the vertebral column. So far, after all, there may be more in Lord Monboddo's theory than Sir Charles Coldstream would care to acknowledge.—*Once a Week.*

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FRAUD.

On the 27th June, 1868, MOTEEWALLAH, a Printer, was convicted at the Supreme Court, Calcutta, of counterfeiting the LABELS of Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London, and was sentenced by Mr. Justice Pearse to

TWO YEARS' RIGOROUS IMPRISONMENT.

And on the 30th of the same month, for SELLING SPURIOUS ARTICLES,

bearing Labels in imitation of Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S, SHAIK BACHOO was sentenced, by the Suburban Magistrate at Seealdah, to

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London." "WILLIAM B. WHITAKER.

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JAMES WINDRAM, Manager.

Bombay, 23rd November, 1869.

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FURTHER REDUCTION in the RATES of FIRE INSURANCE.—The English Assurance Company, (being free from combination), issue Fire Policies at rates 20 per cent. below all and 25 to 50 per cent. below most, other Offices in Bombay.

LIFE RATES, which are also very moderate, apply to Europeans and Natives alike.

HILL, POLLOCK & Co., Agents.

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THE EUROPEAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

EMPOWERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

FOR LIFE ASSURANCE AND THE GUARANTEE OF FIDELITY IN SITUATIONS OF TRUST.

CHIEF OFFICES,

17, WATERLOO PLACE, PALL MALL, LONDON.

POLICIES PAYABLE DURING LIFE.

The Capital subscribed by nearly 2,000 Shareholders is nearly £800,000.

The Annual Income in 1868 exceeded THREE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-EIGHT THOUSAND POUNDS STERLING.

NEW PREMIUM INCOME

In 1865, 1866, 1867 .....£182,745 " £60,000

The Royal Naval, and Military and East India Life Department affords peculiar advantages to officers and others in the Navy, Army, and Mercantile Marine.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—OFFICERS of the ARMY in INDIA have the OPTION of EFFECTING ASSURANCES at CIVIL RATES of PREMIUM.

INDIAN BRANCHES.

CALCUTTA and BOMBAY.

Agent at Madras (Messrs. Leech & Co.), Ceylon (Messrs. Clark Spence & Co.) Singapore (Messrs. A. L. Johnstone & Co.), and at all the principal Towns in India.

Secretary Indian Branches—J. L. NAPIER HAY, Esq.

Medical Referee—Dr. W. G. Hunter.

Assistant Secretary—C. J. Wilson, Esq., F.S.S.

Assurances effected, Policies issued, Premiums received, and Claims settled in India without reference to Home Office.

LIFE ASSURANCE.

Every description of this important business is transacted by the Society, at rates which will be found to be generally more moderate than those of any other Insurance Company in India.

Annual and Half yearly Premiums, for Assurance of Rs. 1,000 (£100) to be paid at death, reducible to English Rates on return to Europe.

Age next birthday.	CIVIL. PREMIUM. Annual.	Half-yearly.	Age next birthday.	MILITARY. PREMIUM. Annual.	Half-yearly.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
20	30 7 4	15 13 8	20	34 0 8	17 4
30	35 10 8	17 13 4	30	39 14 0	19 15 0
40	44 12 0	22 6 0	40	47 15 4	23 15 8
50	59 8 0	29 12 0	50	61 11 0	30 15 0

TABLES OF RATES FOR ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE.

Annual Premium for the Assurance of Rs. 1,000 payable to the Representatives of the Assured in the event of PREVIOUS death, or to himself on his attaining either of the undermentioned ages:

Age next birthday.	CIVIL. Payable at 50 or at Death.	Payable at 55 or at Death.	Payable at 60 or at Death.	Age next birthday.	MILITARY. Payable at 50 or at Death.	Payable at 55 or at Death.	Payable at 60 or at Death.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
20	38 8 0	34 0 0	31 0 0	20	55 0 0	41 8 0	39 8 0
25	45 8 0	39 0 0	34 8 0	25	52 0 0	46 8 0	43 8 0
30	57 0 0	46 8 0	40 0 0	30	59 8 0	54 0 0	49 8 0
35	77 8 0	58 0 0	48 0 0	35	81 8 0	65 0 0	57 0 0
40	119 0 0	78 0 0	59 0 0	40	119 0 0	84 0 0	68 0 0

Premium for Short Terms and other Assurance will be furnished on application.

1. Policies once issued by this Society are absolutely indisputable except in cases of fraud.

2. Policies in full force during days of grace allowed for payment of premium.

3. Policies which have been in force for 5 years are not liable to forfeiture on account of the temporary inability of the assured to pay the premiums, and the Directors will grant the premium as often as the value of the Policy will admit, and allow the amount to remain as a debt against the Policy.

4. Medical Fees paid by Society when the Assurance is for Rs. 2,500 and upwards.

BYRAMJEE & MERWANJEE,
Agents.

FIDELITY ASSURANCE.

The European Assurance Society is the only Society in India and the Colonies specially empowered by the British Parliament to guarantee the Fidelity of, or become Surety for, Officers of Her Majesty's Naval, Military, and Civil Service, Besides Managers, Secretaries, Accountants, Cashiers, Clerks and others holding situations of trust in Banks and public Companies, private Firms, &c.

FIDELITY AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMBINED.

This method, introduced by the Society, confers important advantages by the Reductions allowed in the Life Premiums to the extent of from 50 to 100 per cent. of the Guarantee premiums.

AGENTS WANTED AT UP-COUNTRY STATIONS

Calcutta, 15th November 1869.

P. GRANT and SON, SADDLERS, &c., have commenced business again at No. 9 Hummum Street, where all orders will be attended to.

Orders from Out-stations to be accompanied with remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

GEO. NICOLL AND COMPANY,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS.

24, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY,

1, EAST STREET, POONA.

1, ELPHINSTONE STREET, KURRACHEE.

MRS. JACOB HUNT,

MILLINER AND DRESS MAKER.

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